Confidential Filing

Market and Opinion Research
International (MORI), request for
Mr Groffrey Firsberg MP to participate
is a sample survey on MPs
attitudes towards a range of
issues participate British Industry.
MORI Possilot Reas

MINISTERS

JUNE 1980

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Referred to	Date	Referred to	Date	Referred to	Date	Referred to	Date
16.7.80 H-7-80 21-7-80 16.7.86	PR	EM	10	7/18	25	2	

Caxton House Tothill Street London SW1H 9NF Telephone Direct Line 01-21364.6.0..... Switchboard 01-213 3000 GTN Code 213 Facsimile 01-213 5465 Telex 915564 16th July 1986 Joan Macnaughton Private Secretary to the 1. JF 2. TIGA 3 NBPN. Lord President 68 Whitehall London SWI Lear Joan MORI Poll of Peers As you know, Lord Young has declined an invitation to participate in a poll of peers. I attach a copy of Bob Worcester's letter and Lord Young's reply. I am also copying this to Rhodri Walters in the Lords' Whips office, Alison Smith in the Lord Privy Seal's office and David Norgrove at No 10. Yours sincerely. Juin Markinson Iain Mackinnon Private Secretary



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Telephone Direct Line 01-213 646.0

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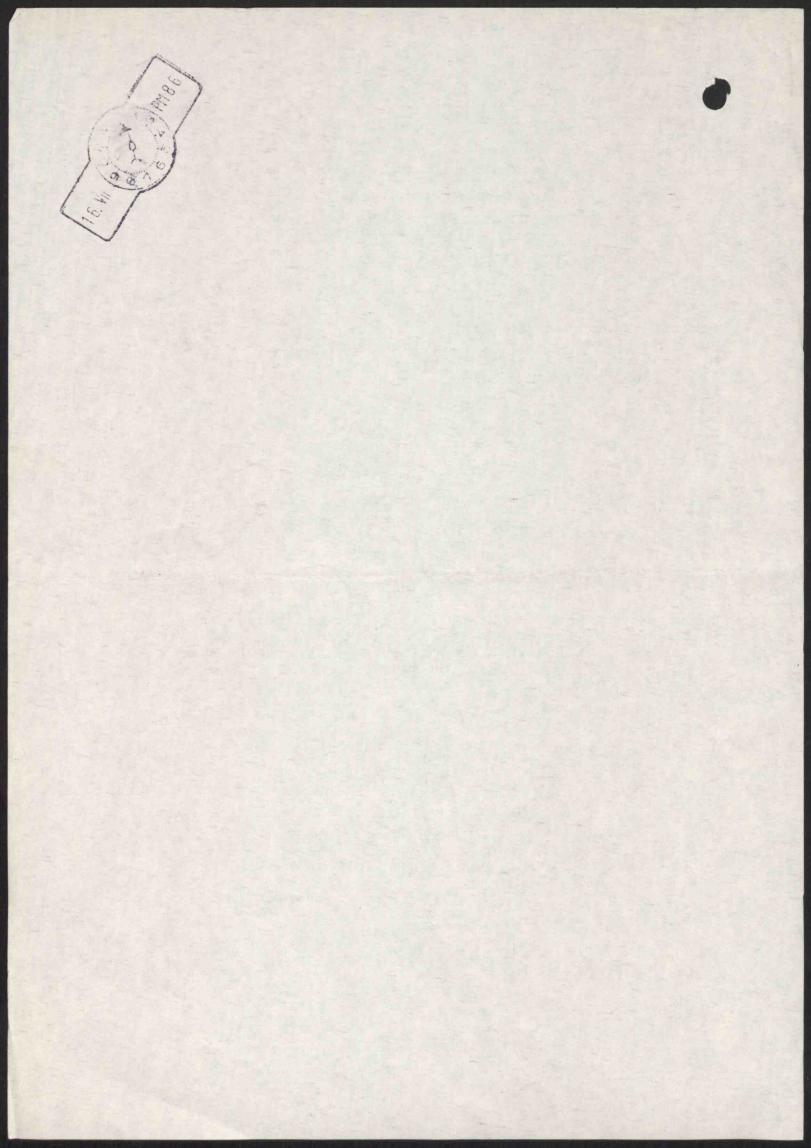
Facsimile 01-213 5465 Telex 915564

16th July 1986

Robert M Worcester Esq Managing Director Market & Opinion Research International Ltd 32 Old Queen Street London SW1H 9HP

Me le Warento.

Thank you for your letter of 11 July in which you ask whether I would agree to answer questions as part of a new survey of peers' attitudes. I think that my position as a Cabinet minister puts me in a rather different position and I should decline.



Howell-advice pl

Market & Opinion Research International Limited

32 Old Queen Street London SW1H 9HP Telephone 01-222 0232 Telefax 01-222 1653 Telex 295230



MOR

11 July 1986

The Rt Hon Lord Young of Graffham
Dept of Employment
Caxton House
Tothill Street
London
SWIA OPW

My Lord

I am writing to ask for your assistance in a survey we have been asked to conduct among Peers. Since 1976 MORI has carried out a regular survey among Members of Parliament, and a number of clients have also expressed an interest in the views of Peers. As a result, we are now setting up a Peers' survey to run parallel with our annual MPs' survey.

The study is being conducted on behalf of some of the largest industrial and commercial organisations in this country. Its purpose is to assess the attitudes of Peers towards a range of issues affecting British industry and business, and to ascertain the most effective and appropriate ways of communicating with Peers.

The study has been designed so that the needs of these major companies and business organisations can benefit from your views and those of your colleagues without taking up more of your time than is strictly necessary.

The sample has been compiled to give a representative selection of active Peers from all parties, so your views are important to the reliability of the results. Your answers will, of course, be treated in the strictest confidence, clients receiving reports based on the whole series of interviews.

continued /

Robert M Worcester Managing Director

PS If you have not already seen it, you may be interested to see the enclosed extract from the House magazine, showing some of the results of last year's MPs' survey.

Parliament's View-1985



By Robert M Worcester Chairman, MORI

This article complements 'The Public's View of Parliament – 1985' by Robert M Worcester which appeared in the House Magazine of May 3, 1985.

In May 1985 I addressed the question of 'The Public's View of Parliament – 1985' in *The House Magazine*, drawing on a MORI survey conducted for The Economist. As many Members will know, MORI has for a decade approached a selected random sample of Members on behalf of a number of large companies and organisations about the views of MPs on the subject of British business generally and their views as to specific companies. This survey is of considerable value to many of our clients, a number of whom participate every year to obtain an on-going objective and systematic measurement of MPs' views to supplement the direct contact they maintain. MPs are largely cooperative with this project. Each year we obtain a response rate of two in three orv better. In fact, since this Government took office we have been pleased to have included in our sample completed interviews with over half the present members of both the Cabinet and Shadow Cabinet, as well as (in the past) both leaders of the Alliance Parties.

MPs sometimes wonder why all this is necessary. After all, they say, they are in touch with the companies with plants in their constituencies. But what some MPs seem to forget is just how important they are perceived to be in the minds of industrial company directors and how high they rate on lists of 'publics of importance.' For that reason we seek the cooperation of a selected sample each year and plead with them to give us their views, pay a fee for their time to them (or, often, to a charity of their choice) and send our very best interviewers to sound out their opinions, some of which I report here in that best read magazine among MPs. The House Magazine.

The purpose of the study is to determine the attitudes of Members of Parliament towards:

- a) business and industry generally;
- b) a range of particular industries and companies;
- c) the criteria on which organisations are assessed;
- d) individual organisations' relations with Parliament;
- e) factors which promote good (and bad) relations between organisations and Parliament;
- f) sources of information and ways in which communications can be improved.

When asked to select from a long list those problems MPs think are most serious in their constituency and about which MPs received the most mail in their postbag, interesting differences are measured (Table 1).

Table 1 - Problems Facing Britain

Q: Here is a list of problems that people face in various areas throughout Britain. Could you please look at this list and tell me the three or four you think are most serious in a) Britain as a whole, b) your constituency and c) do you receive most letters in your postbag about?

	Britain	Constituency	
	%	%	%
Unemployment generally	88	76	29
Law and Order	49	37	18
Education	40	37	24
Youth unemployment	37	38	13
Housing	35	38	55
Inflation	30	14	*
Cuts in the NHS	24	27	21
Nuclear Disarmament	20	6	*
Rates	19	27	19
Taxation	17	10	*
Industrial relations	15	4	*
Inefficiency in Govern-			
ment administration	13	8	8
Pensions	13	18	23
Race relations	11	5	6
Northern Ireland	10	*	*
Soviet expansion	10	*	*
Pollution	8	*	*
Cigarette smoking	8	*	*
Animal testing	8	6	40
Heavy road vehicles	6	12	*
Airport development	6	7	5
Public transport	6	19	6
Energy conservation	5	* 1	*

Whereas nearly nine in ten MPs think unemployment is among the three or four most serious problems facing the country today, iust over three-quarters say it is of top priority in their own constituency and fewer than three in ten say it features as a major issue in their postbag, far below such pressing issues to their correspondents as housing and animal testing. In fact, MPs tell us animal testing, at 40 per cent, is the top issue among their constituents who write to them, a full fifteen points above the 29 per cent who, they say, write about unemployment. Other striking differences are on the subjects of law and order (49 per cent nationally, 18 per cent in the postbag), inflation (30 per cent nationally versus less than 5 per cent), taxation and industrial relations which are important nationally to 17 per cent and 15 per cent respectively among the MPs interviewed but who say they get little post about these subjects. Other party differences were found on the issues of cuts in the NHS (11 per cent of Tories, v 47 per cent of Opposition MPs), nuclear disarmament (7 per cent v 43 per cent) and rates (24 per cent of Tories v 1 per cent of Opposition) and taxation (26 per cent Tories v nil Opposition Members).

MPs from both sides of the House report similar numbers of letters for most issues. Exceptions are animal testing, rates, law and order, Sunday shop opening and inefficiency in Government administration (Conservatives receive more correspondence) and housing, unemployment, youth unemployment and nuclear disarmament (mentioned more by Opposition Members).

Subjects attracting increased comment since last year appear to be animal testing, unemployment, youth unemployment, cuts in the NHS and Sunday shop opening. Issues of national concern having increased in importance among Members include Education (+13 per cent) and Housing (+11 per cent) while declines were measured in Industrial Relations (-13 per cent), Northern Ireland (-7 per cent) and Soviet Expansion (-6 per cent).

There is near unanimity in the House that 'a competitive and profitable manufacturing sector is essential to the future growth of



Minister

10 DOWNING STREET

From the Private Secretary

MR. WRIGHT

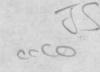
Thank you for your minute (Ref. A02665) about a survey currently being undertaken by Market and Opinion Research International.

The Prime Minister agrees that Mr. Finsberg should be advised not to respond, and I have written to him accordingly - copy attached.

The Prime Minister also agrees that Ministers in general should be positively discouraged from responding to this kind of request, and agrees that this might be achieved by an amendment to paragraph 114 of 'Questions of Procedure for Ministers'.

I am sending a copy of this minute and enclosure to Jeremy Colman (CSD).

M. A. PATTISON





10 DOWNING STREET

From the Private Secretary

21 July 1980

Thank you for your letter of 14 July, about an approach by Market and Opinion Research International to Mr. Finsberg to participate in a survey among Members of Parliament.

The Prime Minister would prefer Mr. Finsberg not to agree to give an interview to MORI. She regards this kind of request as covered by the guidance in paragraph 114 of 'Questions of Procedure for Ministers' and is grateful to have been consulted about the approach made to Mr. Finsberg. Despite claims of confidentiality for the results of such an interview, there remains a possibility that the private views of individual members of Government might emerge in some form in a manner incompatible with their responsibilities and duties as members of the Government.

I am sending a copy of this letter to David Wright (Cabinet Office).

M. A. PATTISON

Peter Loosley, Esq., Department of the Environment. Ref. A02665

MR. PATTISON

Market and Opinion Research International (MORI) 6 this type of measure?

Prime Minister authorited letter from Ministers generally should be descounsed from responding measure?

In your minute of 15th July, you asked for advice on the letter from Mr. Geoffrey Finsberg's Private Secretary about MORI's approach to Mr. Finsberg about participating in a sample survey of MPs' attitudes.

- I see from Peter Loosley's letter that Mr. Finsberg is minded to decline this request, largely on the grounds of the guidance contained in Questions of Procedure. As Peter Loosley says, MORI have made similar approaches to members of the Government and senior civil servants in the past. According to the Cabinet Office Precedent Book, when they approached Ministers in 1973 and 1975, the Cabinet Office advised that although there was no absolute objection in principle, it would be preferable not to agree to give interviews to MORI. As well as possible objections from the point of view of security in view of the risk of disclosing confidential information, it was pointed out that there was bound to be some difficulty in Ministers having private views on matters within their responsibility, that to agree to an interview on non-contentious issues might make it more difficult to resist either questions or other interviews on more politically sensitive questions, and that once it became known that Ministers had agreed to participate in an interview of the kind requested by MORI, it might be difficult to resist similar requests from other There is in addition, the objection raised in your minute, namely that Ministers might express personal views on subjects which at a later date could be of some embarrassment because of the development of the Government's position on certain issues.
- 3. I therefore agree with your judgment that Mr. Finsberg should be advised not to participate in this survey. Since MORI clearly have a history of approaching Ministers to request interviews, and there is a risk that some Ministers might agree to these requests without consulting the Prime Minister or the Cabinet Office, it is for consideration whether members of the Government

might be advised more explicitly that requests for interviews or for them to take part in sample surveys conducted by market research organisations need very careful consideration. It would obviously be unwise to issue a letter to Ministers' Offices which mentioned MORI alone. But the general point could be made if paragraph 114 of Questions of Procedure were amended to include a specific reference to market research organisations. For instance, the first sentence of paragraph 114 could be changed to read:

"Ministers are sometimes asked to give interviews to historians, or to
other persons engaged in academic research or in market opinion surveys
or to fill in questionnaires at the request of such people or
organisations. Ministers should bear in mind the possibility that
their views may be reported.... etc."

4. Sir Robert Armstrong has seen and agreed this minute.

D.J. Wright

18th July, 1980



elf 22.71.80.

10 DOWNING STREET

From the Private Secretary

MR. WRIGHT CABINET OFFICE

We have spoken about the approach from Market and Opinion Research International (MORI) to Mr. Geoffrey Finsberg to participate in a sample survey on MPs' attitudes towards a range of issues affecting British industry. I enclose a copy of Mr. Finsberg's Private Secretary's letter to me.

Presumably MORI would claim that their respondents' answers remain confidential, and cannot individually be identified from the circulated results of the survey. MORI appear to include several Ministers in their survey. If Ministers' answers are to be a genuine reflection of personal views, there must be a risk that they will express personal views on some subjects which will be out of line with the later development of the Government's position. This would inevitably be a hostage to fortune, regardless of undertakings of confidentiality. It seems to me, therefore, that Ministers ought to be firmly advised not to participate in the survey.

Mr. Loosley's letter to me records that Mr. Fowler has already taken part in the survey. I do not think that this affects the view to be taken on future participation.

I would be grateful for your advice. I am also sending a copy of this minute to Jeremy Colman (Civil Service Department) as CSD have had to rule on civil servants' participation in the same survey series.

M. A. PATTISON

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT 2 MARSHAM STREET LONDON SW1P 3EB 01-212 3434

My ref: FI/PS0/44096

Your ref:

14 July 1980

Market and Opinion Research International (MORI) have asked Mr Finsberg to participate in a survey among Members of Parliament "to assess MP's attitudes towards a range of issues affecting British Industry and to ascertain the most effective and appropriate ways of communicating with Members". I attach a copy of their letter of 16 May, Mr Finsberg's reply of 20 May and their further letter of 2 June.

You will see from Mr Finsberg's reply of 20 May that his own feeling is to decline.

From past experience we know that MORI are keen on making surveys of the opinions of members of the Government and senior civil servants. They made approaches in 1976, 1978 and 1979 to civil servants but on each occasion the invitation was declined for two main reasons. It was clear that MORI were hoping to make regular surveys so they would be able to monitor civil servants' views on a number of politically contentious topics over a period of time. Also CSD were concerned that the official resources could be used in the interests of commercial organisations.

"Questions of Procedure for Ministers" contains the closest guidance on this topic:

"Ministers are sometimes asked to give interviews to historians or other persons engaged in academic research or to fill in questionnaires at their request. Ministers should bear in mind the possibility that their views may be requested in a manner incompatible with their responsibilities and duties as members of the Government. Careful consideration should therefore be given to such invitations before they are suggested; in cases of doubt, the Prime Minister should be consulted".

CSD have not been approached by MORI concerning this latest survey. I understand that the Minister of Transport, Mr Norman Fowler has been interviewed by the firm as an MP.

Mr Finsberg has asked me to seek your guidance on the question.

PETER LOOSLEY

Private Secretary

Registered Office 29 Queen Anne's Gate London SW1H 9DD England Telephone 01-222 0232 Telex 917373 Telegrams OPINRES LONDON SW1

16 May 1980

Mr Geoffrey Finsberg, MP
The House of Commons
Westminster
LONDON SWIA OAA

Dear Mr Finsberg,

In 1976 and again in 1978 we undertook an extensive survey among Members of Parliament, and I am writing to ask for your help in our 1980 study.

We conduct this survey on behalf of some of the largest companies and business organisations in this country. The purpose of the survey is to assess MPs' attitudes towards a range of issues affecting British industry and to ascertain the most effective and appropriate ways of communicating with Members.

The study has been designed so that the needs of some twenty or so companies and business organisations can benefit from your views and those of your colleagues without taking up more of your time than is strictly necessary.

As we do appreciate the demands made upon your time, we would like to offer you a fee, or alternatively a contribution to your political party or a charity of your choice.

You have been scientifically selected from the 623 British Members, so your views are important to the reliability of the results. Your answers will be treated in the strictest confidence, clients receiving reports based on the whole series of interviews.

One of our executives will telephone you to arrange an interview at a time and place that would be most convenient to you. Perhaps you could fit the interview in at the House one evening? Alternatively, could we see you in your constituency during the recess?

Thank you for your co-operation.

Yours sincerely

Robert M. Worcester

L'd libreto meet you some time after reading about your role with Research before ? 20th May, 1980

Dear Mr. Worcester,

Thank you for your letter of May 16th.

I do not think it would be appropriate for me, as a Minister, to take part in this particular survey. I do hope you will understand.

Yours sincerely,

CEOFFREY FINSBERG

R. M. Worcester, Esq., Market & Opinion Research International, 29 Queen Anne's Cate, London SW1H 9DD. Market & Opinion Research International

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Registered Office 29 Queen Anne's Gate London SW1H 9DD England Telephone 01-222 0232 Telex 917373 Telegrams OPINRES LONDON SW1

2 June 1980

Mr. Geoffrey Finsberg, M.B.E., J.P., M.P. The House of Commons LONDON SWIA OAA

Dear Mr. Finsberg,

Bob Worcester is abroad on business at the moment, and has asked me to reply to your letter of the 20 May 1980.

I am disappointed to see that you feel your being in the Government precludes you from taking part in our survey of Members of Parliament. Appointments with other Ministers have already been set up, and we interviewed Ministers in our previous 1976 and 1978 surveys. Indeed, for our study to be representative of the House, it is important that Ministers be included in our sample.

I know your every minute is important, and I would not have presumed to ask you to take part in anything which would be a waste of your time. But I would stress, once again, that the survey is being done for over a score of the largest companies and organisations in this country, and will be of no less value to you and your fellow MPs in that these companies will learn how you feel about them and a number of important issues currently facing them. I'm sure you will agree that it is in the national interest for top corporate management and MPs to communicate well with each other, and our survey is a practical, efficient and sensible way of achieving this.

As regards timing, if you have not got the time during office hours, perhaps we could see you over lunch or dinner? Alternatively, could one of our executives accompany you on your travels, perhaps interviewing you on a train journey?

We are offering a fee of £25 to all the Members who help us, and while we understand that you are unable to accept this yourself, you might like to donate it to your local party, or to a charity, as other Ministers have done. I do hope you will be able to help us.

Yours sincerely,

Roger J. Stubbs

Director

