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## BALANCE OF PAYMENT FIGURES FOR 1987



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Mr A Allan /
Principal Private Secretary
Chancellor of the Exchequer
H M Treasury
Parliament Street
London
SW1 3AG
```

21 September 1987

I am attaching a copy of the draft Press Notice on the Current Account of the United Kingdom Balance of Payments in August. The draft was agreed earlier today at the usual interdepartmental meeting.

Publication is set for Thursday 24 September at 11.30 am and I should be grateful if you would arrange for the Notice to be cleared by 12.00 am Wednesday 23 September and to inform me accordingly.

A copy of this letter and draft Press Notice is being sent to Sir Peter Middleton and Mr Davis, HM Treasury.

Yours sincerely


## SECRET AND PERSONAL until release of Press Notice on 24 September 1987 at 11.30 am

## AUGUST 1987


#### Abstract

The current account for August, seasonally adjusted, was estimated to have been in deficit by $£ 929$ million compared with a deficit of £310 million in July. In August, exports - seasonally adjusted on a balance of payments basis - were valued at £6545 million and imports at $£ 8073$ million so that trade in goods was in deficit by £1529 million.


The balance on invisibles is projected to be in surplus by $£ 600$ million, a large surplus on the transactions of the private sector and public corporations being partly offset by a deficit on Government transactions. This projection takes account of the latest estimates for the first six months of the year published by the cSO on 17 September.

## JUNE TO AUGUST 1987

In the three months ended August, the current account showed a deficit of £1.2 billion compared with broad balance in the previous three months. There was a deficit on visible trade of £ 3.2 hillion in the latest three months compared with a deficit of £2.0 billion in the three months ended May. The surplus on invisibles in the latest three months is projected at £1.9 billion.

CURRENT ACCOUNT
table 1
£ aillion, Seasonally adjusted

b Monthly figures are one third of the appropriate calendar quarter's estimate or projection. Inforeation relating to credits and debits can be found in rable 3.

## SECRET AND PERSONAL until release of Press Notice on 24 September 1987 at 11.30 am

## visible trade in august

There was a deficit on visible trade in August of $£ 1529$ million compared with a deficit of $£ 910$ million in July. The surplus on oil was of $£ 374$ million, $£ 90$ million higher than in July. The deficit on non-oil trade increased by £709 million.

Total exports in August were valued at $£ 6545$ million, which was £232 million ( $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent) lower than in July. Exports of oil increased by $£ 102$ million between the two months while exports of the erratic items decreased by $£ 200$ million. Excluding oil and the erratic items, exports fell by $2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent between July and August.

Total imports were valued at $£ 8073$ million in August, which was $£ 387$ million ( 5 per cent) higher than in July. Imports of oil increased by £12 million between the two months while imports of the erratic items decreased by $£ 74$ million. Excluding oil and the erratic items, imports grew by $6 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent between July and August.

## RECENT TRENDS

Visible balance
In the three months ended August, there was a deficit on visible trade of $£ 3.2$ billion - a surplus on trade in oil of $£ 0.9$ billion being offset by a deficit on non-oil trade of $£ 4.1$ billion. Between the three months ender May and the latest three months, the deficit on visible trade increased by £1.1 billion - the surplus on oil fell by £0. 3 billion while the deficit on non-oil trade increased by £0.8 billion.

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## Exports

Exports amounted to £ 19.7 billion in the three months ended August, £0. 3 billion ( $1 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent) more than in the previous three months. Exports of oil fell by $£ 0.2$ billion and exports of the erratic items fell by £0.1 billion. Excluding oil and the erratic items exports increased by $£ 0.5$ billion between the three months ended May and the latest three months.

By volume, exports fell by $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent between the three months ended May and the latest three months but were still 5 per cent higher than in the same period last year. Excluding oil and the erratic items, export volume increased by 3 per cent to be $7 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent higher than in the same period last year. The underlying level of non-oil export volume continues to remain close to the high level reached at the end of last year.

## Imports

Total imports were valued at $£ 22.9$ billion in the latest three months, £1.4 billion (7 per cent) higher than in the previous three months. Imports of oil grew by £O. 2 billion over the three months ended August while imports of the erratic items fell by £0. 1 billion. Excluding oil and the erratic items, imports grew by 7 per cent between the three months ended May and the latest three months.

Total import volume in the latest three months was 7 per cent higher than in the previous three months and 8 per cent higher than
in the same period last year. Excluding oil and the erratic items, import volume rose by 7 per cent in the latest three months to be 10 per cent higher than in the same period last year. The underlying level of non-oil import volume has been increasing in recent months, and is above that reached at the end of last year thing the August pyre may - as int yes - Le esratuall Liz?. Terms of trade and unit values

The terms of trade index rose by around 1 per cent between the three months ended May and the three months ended August with the export unit value index increasing by 1 per cent and the import unit value index falling by $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Compared with the same three months of last year both the export unit value index and the import unit value index are up 6 per cent. As a result the terms of trade index is the same now as a year ago.

Export unit values for fuels rose by 5 per cent between the three months ended May and the latest three months while the unit value index for non-oil exports rose by $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Within the total for non-oil exports, most major sectors showed little change in unit values. The greatest rises, both of $1 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent, were in the unit values of cars and of basic materials.

Import unit values for fuels rose by 1 per cent between the three months ended May and the latest three months while the unit value index for non-oil imports fell by $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Import unit values for finished manufactures fell by 1 per cent over the latest three months.

SECRET AND PERSONAL until release of Press Notice on 24 September 1987 at 11.30 am

Analysis by area
Exports to the developed countries grew by 2 per cent between the three months ended May and the latest three months. Exports to the European Community countries grew by 1 per cent in the latest three months and exports to the other developed countries grew by 10 per cent. Deliveries to the developing countries increased by $1 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent between the three months ended May and the latest three months.

Imports from the developed countries increased by 8 per cent over the latest three months with arrivals from the European Community countries up 7 per cent, arrivals from North America up $6 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent and arrivals from the other developed countries up by 21 per cent. Imports from the developing countries increased by 19 per cent between the three months ended May and the latest three months.

## 1. INVISIBLES

1. The estimates in tables 1 to 3 incorporte the revised figures for the first quater of 1987 , and the preliminary estimates far the second quarter, which were published in the CSO press notice on the balance af payments accounts on 17 September.
2. Estimates of invisibles are based an a variety of sources, mostly inquiries of those engaging in the various transactions. These are usually sample inquiries, and are variously held on quarterly, annual or periodical bases. .For some components, data for recent periods are therefore incomplete and subject to significant estimation errars.
3. The figures shown for the invisibles balonce in most months are the estimates for the relevant guarters, taken from the balance of payments accounts, expressed at a monthly raten For the most meenent months, however, the figures are prajections, which are rounded to the nearest Eioo, million to emphaj三 theif aparoximate nature These projections are buperceded by pueliminary estimates srom the balance of F-yments accounts when they are $p u^{2}$ whed around the midde If Marchy Hure, Geptember and December. (This modifies the
 a review of the timetmane monauded tiat more t me snould Gllcued to prepare these prelimimau estanates to impaove their quality and reduce the likelihood of revisions withim relctively short periods).

## ADJUSTEENT FBR ENMACESSED DOCUMENTS

4 Following an investigation by Custome and Excise into the effects of industrial action on the processing of import and export entries the figures for April to July have been adjusted to take account of unprocessed documents attributable to those months. These adjustments have been made to the Balance of Payments based figures (tables 1 to 7 and 16), but not to the OTS figures (tables 8 to 15). There are no adjustments for August. The amounts involved are as followas

Adjuatment for unprocessed documents

|  | April | May | June | July | E million |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Exports | +32 | +57 | +72 | +47 |  |
| Imports | +64 | +23 | +35 | - |  |

## MONTHLY REVIEW OF EXTERNAL TRADE STATISTICS

65 The Monthly Review supplements the information contained in this Press Notice. It gives longer historical runs of data and contains charts, tables on the UK Balance of Payments, UK exports and imports on an Overseas Trade Statistics basis, and certain international comparisons. The Monthly Review is available from the Department of Trade and Industry at the address given below for an annual subscription of $£ 43$ which includes the annual supplement. Individual copies are priced at $£ 3$, ( $£ 7$ for the annual supplement).

AREA (tables 11 and 15)

7 Low value consignments ie items of an individual values less than $£ 475$, are not analysed by country and are therefore excluded from the area data in tables 11 and 15 . In addition the method of seasonal adjustment leads to further differences between the sum of areas and figures for total trade.

## STANDARD NOTES

86 There is a set of standard notes that describe the basis on which the figures in this Press Notice are compiled including the differences between the Balance of Payments (BOP) and the Overseas Trade Statistics (OTS) figures. Copies can be obtained from the address below.

Enquiries about the Standard Notes, and the Monthly Review, should be addressed to S2A, Room 255, Department of Trade and Industry, l Victoria Street, London SW1H OET, Telephone: 01-215 4895.

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CURRENT BALANCE, VISIBLE TRADE AND INVISIBLES
(Balance of payments basis)

| 1 |  | I Current | 1 |  |  |  | is | ble Trade |  |  |  |  | 1 | Invisible |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | \| Balance | I | Exports | 1 | Imports | 1 | Visible |  |  |  | which | I | Balance |
| 1 |  | 1 | 1 | fob | 1 | fob | 1 | Balance | I | 0 il | 1 | Non-0il | 1 | b |
| I |  | I | , |  | I |  | , |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| \| 1985 |  | $1+2919$ | I | 78111 | 1 | 80289 | 1 | - 2178 | 1 | + 8104 | 1 | - 10282 | 1 | + 5097 |
| \| 1986 |  | $1-980$ | 1 | 72843 | 1 | 81306 | 1 | - 8463 |  | + 4056 | 1 | - 12519 | 1 | + 7483 |
| \| 1986 | Q2 | $1+146$ | 1 | 17786 | I | 19393 | 1 | - 1608 | 1 | + 765 | 1 | - 2372 | 1 | + 1753 |
|  | Q3 | $1-910$ | I | 17553 | I | 20444 | 1 | - 2891 | 1 | + 621 | 1 | - 3512 | 1 | + 1981 |
| $\text { i } 1987$ | Q4 | $1-960$ | I | 19340 | I | 22065 | 1 | - 2725 | 1 | + 785 | 1 | - 3510 | 1 | + 1765 |
|  | Q1 | $1+672$ | 1 | 19637 | 1 | 20772 | 1 | - 1135 | 1 | + 1164 | 1 | - 2300 | 1 | + 1807 |
| i | Q2 | $1-174$ | 1 | 19381 | 1 | 21742 | 1 | - 2361 | I | +1033 | 1 | - 3395 | 1 | + 2187 |
| $\text { \| } 1986$ | Dec | $1-323$ | 1 | 6477 | I | 7388 | 1 | - 911 | I | + 256 | 1 | - 1167 | 1 | + 588 |
| \| 1987 | Jan | $1+85$ | I | 6235 | 1 | 6752 | 1 | - 517 | 1 | + 383 | 1 | 900 | 1 | + 602 |
|  | Feb | $1+401$ | 1 | 6973 | 1 | 7174 | 1 | - 202 | I | + 328 | , | 529 | 1 | + 613 |
| I | March | $1+185$ | I | 6429 | I | 6846 | 1 | - 417 | 1 | + 454 | I | 870 | , | + 602 |
| 1 | Apr | $1+203$ | I | 6610 | I | 7136 | 1 | - 526 | 1 | + 423 | 1 | - 949 | 1 | $+\quad 729$ |
|  | May | $1-367$ | 1 | 6372 | I | 7467 | 1 | - 1096 | 1 | + 365 | 1 | - 1461 | , | + 729 |
| 1 | June | 1 - 11 | 1 | 6399 | 1 | 7139 | 1 | - 740 | 1 | + 245 | 1 | - 985 | 1 | + 729 |
|  | July | $1-310 a$ | 1 | 6776 | I | 7686 | 1 | - 910 | I | + 284 | 1 | - 1194 | , | + 600a |
| 1 Aug |  | $1-929 a$ | 1 | 6545 | 1 | 8073 | 1 | - 1529 | 1 | + 374 | 1 | - 1903 | 1 | + 600a |
| \| Jun-Aug 1986 |  | 1-766 | I | 17316 | I | 19987 | 1 | - 2671 |  | + 606 | 1 | - 3277 | 1 | + 1905 |
| \| Mar-May 1987 |  | $1+22$ | 1 | 19411 | I | 21449 | 1 | - 2038 | 1 | + 1242 | 1 | - 3280 | 1 | + 2060 |
|  |  | 1-1249a | I | 19720 | 1 | 22898 | 1 | - 3178 |  | + 903 | 1 | - 4081 | 1 | + 1929a |
| 1\% Change |  | 1 | 1 |  | I |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |  | I |  |
| \| Latest 3 months | |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | I |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| 1 - on previous 31 |  |  | 1 | $+1 \frac{1}{2}$ | 1 | + 7 | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| 1 months |  | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| \| - Same 3 months | |  |  | I | + 14 | I | + 15 | 1 |  | I |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| 1 one year ago 1 |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |

a Invisibles for July and August 1987 are projections.
b Monthly figures are one third of the appropriate calendar quarter's estimate or projection.

Table 3
INVISIBLES

|  |  | All Sectors |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | Private Sector and public Corporations ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | of which |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
|  |  | Credits | 1 Debits | \| Balance | 1 | I Interest |  |  | 1 | Credits | 1 | Debits | 1 | Balance |
|  |  |  | 1 | 1 | \| Services | 1 Profits |  | Transfers | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
|  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 Dividends |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| 1984 |  | 77061 | 171203 | $1+5858$ | $1+3481$ | $1+4216$ |  | - 1839 | 1 | 71761 | 1 | 62373 | 1 | $+9388$ |
| 1985 |  | 79784 | \| 74687 | $1+5097$ | $1+5381$ | $1+2992$ |  | - 3276 | 1 | 75134 | 1 | 64724 | 1 | $+10410$ |
| 1986 |  | 76202 | 168719 | $1+7483$ | $1+4990$ | + 4686 |  | - 2193 | 1 | 71094 | 1 | 59111 | 1 | $+11983$ |
| 1985 | Q1 | 21694 | 120605 | $1+1089$ | $1+1132$ | $1+908$ |  | - 951 | 1 | 20449 | 1 | 17911 | 1 | + 2538 |
|  | Q2 | 20159 | 118644 | $1+1515$ | $1+1470$ | $1+748$ |  | - 703 | 1 | 19117 | 1 | 16427 | 1 | + 2690 |
|  | Q3 | 19351 | \| 17615 | $1+1736$ | $1+1500$ | $+1118$ |  | - 882 | 1 | 18129 | 1 | 14953 | 1 | $+3176$ |
|  | Q4 | 18580 | 117823 | $1+757$ | $1+1279$ | $1+218$ |  | - 740 | 1 | 17439 | 1 | 15433 | 1 | + 2006 |
| 1986 | Q1 | 18916 | \| 16932 | $1+1984$ | $1+1265$ | $1+792$ |  | - 73 | 1 | 17562 | 1 | 14907 | 1 | + 2655 |
|  | Q2 | 18451 | \| 16698 | $1+1753$ | $1+1188$ | $1+1118$ |  | - 553 | 1 | 17139 | 1 | 14296 | 1 | + 2843 |
|  | Q3 | 19245 | \| 17264 | $1+1981$ | $1+1251$ | $1+1505$ |  | - 775 | 1 | 17957 | 1 | 14650 | 1 | + 3297 |
|  | Q4 | 19590 | \| 17825 | $1+1765$ | $1+1286$ | $1+1271$ |  | - 792 | 1 | 18436 | 1 | 15248 | 1 | + 3188 |
| 1987 | Q1 | 19696 | \| 17889 | $1+1807$ | $1+1241$ | $1+1349$ |  | - 783 | 1 | 18043 | 1 | 14828 | 1 | + 3215 |
|  | Q2 | 19652 | 117465 | $1+2187$ | $1+1554$ | $1+1258$ |  | - 625 | 1 | 18194 | 1 | 14764 | 1 | + 3430 |

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|  | (Balance of Payments basis) |  |  | Indices $1980=100$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unit Value (Not seasanally adjusted) |  |  | Volume (sea | adjusted) |
|  | Exports | Imports | Terms of Trade ${ }^{\text {e }}$ | Exports | Imports |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 143.5 | 145.2 | 98.8 | 118.7 | 126.0 |
| 1986 | 136.6 | 134.0 | 101.9 | 123.1 | 134.2 |
| 1986 Q2 | 134.8 | 131.6 | 102.5 | 121.9 | 129.1 |
| Q3 | 134.3 | 130.1 | 103.2 | 122.6 | 139.0 |
| Q4 | 138.1 | 136.8 | 100.9 | 130.5 | 144.0 |
| 1987 Q1 | 140.7 | 140.0 | 100.5 | 130.0 | 133.2 |
| Q2 | 141.2 | 136.2 | 103.7 | 126.3 | 140.7 |
| 1986 Dec | 138.7 | 138.3 | 100.2 | 131.6 | 143.9 |
| 1987 Jan | 140.4 | 140.1 | 100.2 | 124.6 | 131.4 |
| Feb | 140.8 | 140.3 | 100.4 | 138.4 | 138.0 |
| March | 141.0 | 139.8 | 100.8 | 126.9 | 130.2 |
| Apr | 141.0 | 137.2 | 102.8 | 131.4 | 138.6 |
| May | 140.9 | 135.7 | 103.8 | 123.9 | 144.3 |
| June | 141.6 | 135.7 | 104.4 | 123.5 | 137.1 |
| July | 141.7 | 137.5 | 103.1 | 131.3 | 147.6 |
| Aug | 143.6 | 138.5 | 103.6 | 126.4 | 154.9 |
| Jun-Aug 1986 | 134.2 | 129.4 | 103.7 | 121.0 | 136.3 |
| Mar-May 1987 | 141.0 | 137.6 | 102.5 | 127.4 | 137.7 |
| Jun-Aug 1987 | 142.3 | 137.2 | 103.7 | 127.1 | 147.2 |
| \% Change |  |  |  |  |  |
| Latest 3 months on |  |  |  |  |  |
| - previous 3 months | $+1$ | $-\frac{1}{2}$ | $+1$ | - $\frac{1}{2}$ | $+7$ |
| - same 3 months |  |  |  |  |  |
| one year ago | $+6$ | $+6$ | - | $+5$ | $+8$ |

e Export unit value index as a percentage of the import unit value index.
VALUE AND VOLUME OF EXPORTS AND IMPORTS EXCLUDING THE MORE ERRATIC ITEMS ${ }^{f}$
(Balance of Payments basis)
Table 5
seasonally adjusted

|  | 1 | Value £ million fob |  |  | 1 | Volume Index $1980=100$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | Exports | I | Imports | 1 | Exports | 1 | Imports |
|  | I |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| 1985 | 1 | 73819 | 1 | 76749 | I | 123.1 | 1 | 133.7 |
| 1986 | I | 67459 | 1 | 77657 | 1 | 126.0 | 1 | 142.5 |
| 1986 Q2 | I | 16238 | 1 | 18455 | 1 | 123.0 | 1 | 136.8 |
| Q3 | 1 | 16367 | 1 | 19561 | 1 | 126.5 | 1 | 147.7 |
| Q4 | 1 | 17759 | 1 | 21146 | I | 133.0 | 1 | 153.8 |
| 1987 Q1 | I | 18125 | , | 19833 | 1 | 132.9 | 1 | 141.8 |
| Q2 | 1 | 17961 | 1 | 20681 | 1 | 129.4 | 1 | 149.0 |
| 1986 Dec | 1 | 5936 | 1 | 7112 | 1 | 133.9 | 1 | 154.3 |
| 1987 Jan | 1 | 5765 | 1 | 6489 | I | 128.3 | 1 | 140.8 |
| Feb | 1 | 6449 | 1 | 6884 | 1 | 141.2 | 1 | 147.4 |
| March | \| | 5910 | 1 | 6461 | 1 | 129.3 | 1 | 137.2 |
| Apr | I | 6144 | 1 | 6753 | 1 | 135.0 | 1 | 146.3 |
| May | 1 | 5899 | 1 | 7139 | 1 | 127.0 | 1 | 153.3 |
| June | I | 5918 | 1 | 6790 | 1 | 126.2 | 1 | 147.3 |
| July | I | 6224 | 1 | 7330 | 1 | 133.8 | 1 | 156.7 |
| Aug | 1 | 6192 | 1 | 7791 | 1 | 132.0 | 1 | 166.1 |
| Jun-Aug 1986 | 1 | 16157 | 1 | 19237 | 1 | 124.3 | 1 | 145.7 |
| Mar-May 1987 | I | 17953 | 1 | 20352 | 1 | 130.5 | 1 | 145.6 |
| Jun-Aug 1987 | 1 | 18334 | 1 | 21910 | 1 | 130.7 | 1 | 156.7 |
| \% Change | , |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| Latest 3 month on | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| - previous 3 months | 1 | + 2 | 1 | $+7 \frac{1}{2}$ | 1 | - | 1 | $+7 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| - same 3 months | I |  | 1 |  | , |  | 1 |  |
| one year ago | 1 | +13 | 1 | + 14 | 1 | + 5 | , | $+7 \frac{1}{2}$ |

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TRADE IN OIL ${ }^{9}$
(Balance of Payments basis)
seasonally adjusted


7 Trade in petroleum and petroleum products. These figures differ from those published by the Department of Energy which are on a time of shipment basis (see paragraph 8 of the standard notes).
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TRADE IN GOODS OTHER THAN OIL
(Balance of Payments basis)

f These are defined as ships, North Sea installations, aircraft, precious stones, and silver.
e Export unit value index as a percentage of the import unit value index.
and perscnal
until release of press notice on
2........... at 11.30 a.m.

$h$ These are defined as ships, North Sea installations (together comprising SITC (REV 2) 793), aircraft (792) precious stones (667), and silver (681.1).
$j$ Based on the United Nations Broad Economic Categories end-use classification.

EXPORTS BY COMMODITY: VOLUME INDICES
Table 9 (Overseas Trade Statistics basis)

INDICES $1980=100$, seasonally adjusted

$h$ These are defined as ships, North Sea installations (together comprising SITC (REV 2) 793), aircraft (792) precious stones (667), and silver (681.1).
$j$ Based on the United Nations Broad Economic Categories end-use classification.

$h$ These are defined as ships, North Sea installations (together comprising SITC (REV 2) 793), aircraft (792) precious stones (667), and silver (681.1).
$j$ Based on the United Nations Broad Economic Categories end-use classification.

EXPORTS BY AREA
Table 11
(Overseas Trade Statistics basis)
£ million, fob, seasonally adjusted


K See paragraph 7 of Notes to Editors.
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h These are defined as ships, North Sea installations (together comprising SITC (REV 2) 793), aircraft (792) precious stones (667.), and silver (681.1).
j Based on the United Nations Broad Economic Categories end-use classification.

IMPORTS BY COMMODITY: VOLUME INDICES
Table 13
(Overseas Trade Statistics basis)
INDICES $1980=100$ seasonally adjusted

$h$ These are defined as ships, North Sea installations (together comprising SITC (REV 2) 793), aircraft (792) precious tones (667), and silver (681.1).
j Based on the United Nations Broad Econonic Categories end-use classification.
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IMPORTS BY COMMODITY: UNIT VALUE INDICES
(Overseas Trade Statistics basis)

INDICES $1980=100$ not seasonally adjuste.

$h$ These are defined as ships, North Sea installations (together comprising SITC (REV 2) 793), aircraft (792)
precious stones (667), and silver (681.1).
j Based on the United Nations Broad Economic Categories end-use classification.

IMPORTS BY AREA
Table 15
(Overseas Trade Statistics basis)

|  | Total K | Developed Countries |  |  |  |  |  | Developing Countries |  |  | ```Centrally planned economies``` |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Furnpean I | Rest of I | Nurlh A | merical | Other | \| Total | \| Dil exporting | Other |  |
|  |  | 1 | Community 1 | W Europe I | Total 1 | USA 1 |  | 1 | 1 countries |  |  |
| - 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 11 |  |
| 1985 | 85027 | 716651 | 41474 | 12102 | 117091 | 9926 | 6379 | 111327 | 2815 | 85121 | 1893 |
| 1986 | 86066 | 732851 | 44506 | 11864 | 100541 | 8468 | 6861 | 110514 | 1877 | 186371 | 1856 |
| 1986 Q2 | 20467 | 173601 | 10566 | 2729 | 24201 | 20301 | 1645 | 12540 | 460 | 20801 | 466 |
| Q3 | 21836 | 185691 | 11426 | 2896 | 25121 | 2138 | 1735 | 12670 | 408 | 22621 | 456 |
| Q4 | 23269 | 197051 | 11950 | 3151 | 27711 | 2331 | 1833 | 12928 | 511 | 24181 | 511 |
| 1987 Q1 | 21819 | 186231 | 11411 | 3060 | 24351 | 2025 | 1720 | 12540 | 462 | 20781 | 482 |
| Q2 । | 22819 | 196021 | 12100 | 3202 | 26161 | 22231 | 1684 | 12683 | 432 | 22511 | 497 |
| 1987 June \| | 7511 | 64531 | 3923 | 1059 | 8531 | 715 \| | 617 | 1917 | 139 | 7781 | 159 |
| July \| | 8127 | 69441 | 4250 | 1107 | 9461 | 791 \| | 641 | 906 | 139 | 7671 | 181 |
| Aug I | 8783 | 74631 | 45621 | 1274 \| | 9731 | 8321 | 655 | \| 1216 | 125 | 10911 | 184 |
| Mar-May 87 | 22553 | 192981 | 11919 \| | 31961 | 26041 | 21951 | 1579 | 2545 | 439 | 21061 | 510 |
| Jun-Aug 87 | 24421 | 20860 1 | 12735 | 34401 | 21121 | 23381 | 1914 | 3039 | 403 | 26361 | 524 |
| Percentagd |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | , |  |
| change 1 | $+8 \frac{1}{2}$ | + 8 | $+7 \quad 1$ | $+7 \frac{1}{2} 1$ | $+6 \frac{1}{1} 1$ | $+6 \frac{1}{2} 1$ | +21 | $\mid+191$ | $1-8$ | $\mid+251$ | $+3$ |

K See paragraph 7 Notes to Editors.
and personal
until release of press notice on 4 .S.P. $87 .$. at $11.30 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$.

COMMOOITY ANALYSIS OF VISIBLE TRADE
(Balance of Payments basis)
$\varepsilon$ million, seasonally adjusted

|  | Food Beverages and Tobacco |  |  |  |  |  |  | Beaic Materials |  |  |  |  | Fuels |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SITC (R2) | 1 | $0+1$ |  |  |  |  | 1 | $2+4$ |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Exports | 1 | Imports | 1 | $V$ isible | 1 | Exports | 1 | Imports | 1 | Visible |  | Exports | 1 | Imports | 1 | Visible |
|  | L | pob | 1 | fob | 1 | Balance | 1 | fob | 1 | fob | , | Balence | 1 | fob | 1 | fob | 1 | Balance |
|  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| 1985 | 1 | 4932 | 1 | 8522 | I | - 3591 | 1 | 2144 | 1 | 4795 | 1 | - 2651 | 1 | 16795 | 1 | 10233 | 1 | + 6562 |
| 1986 | 1 | 5439 | 1 | 9230 | 1 | - 3792 | 1 | 2058 | 1 | 4416 | 1 | - 2359 | 1 | 8683 | 1 | 5994 | 1 | + 2690 |
| 1985 Q3 | 1 | 1260 | 1 | 2126 | 1 | - 866 | 1 | 532 | 1 | 1173 | , | - 641 | 1 | 3576 | 1 | 2134 | 1 | + 1442 |
| Q4 | 1 | 1194 | 1 | 2083 | 1 | - 889 | 1 | 504 | 1 | 1070 | 1 | - 566 | 1 | 3862 | 1 | 2237 | 1 | + 1625 |
| 1986 Q1 | 1 | 1219 | 1 | 2247 | 1 | - 1027 | 1 | 504 | 1 | 1092 | 1 | - 588 | 1 | 3177 | 1 | 1641 | 1 | + 1536 |
| Q2 | , | 1271 | 1 | 2213 | I | - 942 | 1 | 445 | 1 | 1076 | 1 | - 631 | 1 | 1922 | 1 | 1426 | 1 | + 496 |
| Q3 | 1 | 1383 | 1 | 2356 | 1 | - 973 | I | 545 | 1 | 1025 | 1 | - 480 | 1 | 1614 | 1 | 1393 | 1 | + 221 |
| Q4 | 1 | 1565 | I | 2415 | 1 | - 849 | 1 | 564 | 1 | 1223 | 1 | - 659 | 1 | 1970 | 1 | 1533 | 1 | + 438 |
| 1987 Q1 | 1 | 1354 | , | 2285 | 1 | - 931 | 1 | 629 | 1 | 1232 | , | - 603 | 1 | 2308 | 1 | 1413 | 1 | + 895 |
| Q2 | 1 | 1344 | 1 | 2269 | , | - 925 | 1 | 553 | 1 | 1175 | 1 | - 622 | , | 2146 | 1 | 1414 |  | + 733 |
| SLTC (R2) | 1 | Semi-Menufactures |  |  |  |  | Finished Menufactures |  |  |  |  |  | 1 Total Menufactures |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $5+6$ |  |  |  |  | 1 | $7+8$ |  |  |  |  | 5-8 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Exports <br> fob | 1 | Imports pob | $1$ | Visible Balance | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Exports } \\ & \text { Pob } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Imports } \\ \text { pob } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Visible Belance | $\begin{gathered} \text { I Exports } \\ \text { - fob } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|l\|} \hline 1 & \text { Imports } \\ \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $1$ | Visible Balance |
|  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | , |  |
| 1985 |  | 20051 | 1 | 19949 | 1 | + 102 | 1 | 32221 | 1 | 35324 | 1 | - 3103 | 1 | 52271 | , | 55273 | , | - 3002 |
| 1986 | 1 | 20946 | 1 | 21524 | 1 | - 578 | , | 33540 | 1 | 38453 | 1 | - 4913 | 1 | 54486 | 1 | 59977 | 1 | - 5491 |
| 1985 Q3 | 1 | 4865 | 1 | 5125 | 1 | - 260 | 1 | 7962 | 1 | 8379 | 1 | - 417 | 1 | 12827 | 1 | 13504 | 1 | - 678 |
| Q4 |  | 4952 | , | 4900 | 1 | + 53 | 1 | 8096 | 1 | 8645 | 1 | - 549 | 1 | 13048 | 1 | 13545 | , | - 497 |
| 1986 Q1 | 1 | 4851 | 1 | 5294 | 1 | - 443 | 1 | 7925 | 1 | 8751 | 1 | - 825 | 1 | 12777 | 1 | 14045 | I | - 1269 |
| Q2 |  | 5221 | 1 | 5179 | 1 | + 42 | , | 8395 | 1 | 9092 | 1 | - 697 | 1 | 13615 | 1 | 14271 | , | - 656 |
| Q3 | 1 | 5290 | 1 | 5339 | 1 | - 49 | 1 | 8230 | 1 | 9922 | 1 | - 1692 | 1 | 13520 | 1 | 15261 | 1 | - 1741 |
| Q4 |  | 5585 | 1 | 5712 | 1 | - 127 | 1 | 8990 | 1 | 10688 | 1 | - 1698 | 1 | 14575 | 1 | 16400 | 1 | - 1826 |
| 1987 Q1 | 1 | 5474 | 1 | 5652 | 1 | - 178 | 1 | 9190 | 1 | 9748 | 1 | - 558 | 1 | 14664 | 1 | 15400 | 1 | - 736 |
| Q2 |  | 5520 | 1 | 5836 | 1 | - 316 | 1 | 9166 |  | 10711 | 1 | - 1544 | 1 | 14686 | 1 | 16547 | 1 | - 1860 |

Monthly data at this level of detail are published in the Monthly Review of External Trade Statistics.

Mr A Allan /
Principal Private Secretary Chancellor of the Exchequer
HM Treasury
Parliament Street
London
SW BAG
21 September 1987

I am attaching a copy of the draft Press Notice on the Current Account of the United Kingdom Balance of Payments in August. The draft was agreed earlier today at the usual interdepartmental meeting.

Publication is set for Thursday 24 September at 11.30 am and I should be grateful if you would arrange for the Notice to be cleared by 12.00 am Wednesday 23 September and to inform me accordingly.

A copy of this letter and draft Press Notice is being sent to Sir Peter Middleton and Mr Davis, HM Treasury.

Yours sincerely


## SECRET AND PERSONAL until release of Press Notice on 24 September 1987 at 11.30 am

## AUGUST 1987

The current account for August, seasonally adjusted, was estimated to have been in deficit by $£ 929$ million compared with a deficit of £310 million in July. In August, exports - seasonally adjusted an a balance of payments basis - were valued at £5545 million and imports at $£ 8073$ million so that trade in goods was in deficit by £1529 million.

```
The balance on invisibles is projected to be in surplus by \(£ 600\) million, a large surplus on the transactions of the private sectar and public corporations being partly offset by a deficit on Government transactions. This projection takes account of the latest estimates for the first six months of the year published by the CSO on 17 September.
```

JUNE TO AUGUST 1987
In the three months ended August, the current account showed a deficit of $£ 1.2$ billion compared with broad balance in the previaus three months. There was a deficit on visible trade of £3.2 hillion in the latest three months compared with a deficit of $£ 2.0$ billion in the three months ended May. The surplus on invisibles in the latest three months is projected at £ 1.9 billion.

CURRENT ACCOUNT
TABLE 1
£ aillion, Senacrally adjustad

| 1 |  |  | current |  |  |  | sible if |  |  |  | Invisibles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | 1 | Balance | 1 | Balance | 1 | Exporte | , | Ifperte |  | Balance |
| 1 |  | 1 | Balance | 1 |  | 1 | fob | 1 | fob | 1 | b |
| 1 |  | 1 |  | I |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| 1 | 1985 | 1 | + 2919 | 1 | -2178 | 1 | 78111 | 1 | 80289 |  | + 5097 |
| 1 | 1986 | 1 | - 980 | 1 | -8463 | 1 | 72843 | 1 | 81306 |  | + 7483 |
| 1 | 1986 | 02 | + 146 | 1 | -1608 | 1 | 17786 | 1 | 19393 |  | + 1753 |
| 1 |  | Q3 | - 910 | 1 | -2891 | 1 | 17553 | 1 | 20444 |  | + 1981 |
| 1 |  | Q4 | - 960 | 1 | -2725 | 1 | 19340 | 1 | 22065 |  | + 1765 |
| 1 | 1987 | 01 | + 672 | 1 | -1135 | 1 | 19637 | 1 | 20772 |  | + 1807 |
| 1 |  | Q2 | - 174 | I | -2361 | 1 | 19381 | 1 | 21742 |  | + 2187 |
| 1 | 1987 | March | + 185 | 1 | - 417 | 1 | 6429 | 1 | 6846 |  | + 602 |
| 1 |  | April | + 203 | 1 | - 526 | 1 | 6610 | 1 | 7136 |  | + 729 |
| 1 |  | May | - 367 | 1 | -1096 | 1 | 6372 | 1 | 7467 |  | + 729 |
| 1 |  | June | - 11 | 1 | -740 | 1 | 6399 | 1 | 7139 |  | + 729 |
| 1 |  | July | - 310a | 1 | - 910 | 1 | 6776 | 1 | 7686 |  | + 600a |
| $1$ |  | Aug I | - 929a | 1 | - 1529 | 1 | 6545 | 1 | 8073 |  | + 600a |
| \| | Mar-M | May 1987 \| | + 22 | 1 | -2038 | 1 | 19411 | 1 | 21449 |  | + 2060 |
| 1 | Jun-A | Aug 19871 | - 1249a | 1 | -3178 | 1 | 19720 | 1 | 22898 |  | + 1929a |
| $1$ | Jan-A | Aug 1987 \| | - 741a | 1 | -5935 | 1 | 52338 | 1 | 58273 |  | + 5194a |

a Invisibles for july and August 1987 are projections.
b Monthly figures are one third of the appropriate calendar quarter's estieate or projection. Information relating to credite and debita cen be found in Table 3.

## SECRET AND PERSONAL until release of Press Notice on 24 September 1987 at 11.30 am

## VISIBLE TRADE IN AUGUST

There was a deficit on visible trade in August of £ 1529 million compared with a deficit of $£ 910$ million in July. The surplus on oil was of $£ 374$ million, $£ 90$ million higher than in July. The deficit on non-oil trade increased by £ 709 million.

Total exports in August were valued at $£ 6545$ million, which was £232 million ( $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent) lower than in July. Exports of oil increased by $£ 102$ million between the two months while exports of the erratic items decreased by $£ 200$ million. Excluding oil and the erratic items, exports fell by $2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent between July and August.

Total imports were valued at $£ 8073$ million in August, which was £ 387 million ( 5 per cent) higher than in July. Imports of oil increased by £12 million between the two months while imports of the erratic items decreased by $£ 74$ million. Excluding oil and the erratic items, imports grew by $6 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent between July and August.

## RECENT TRENDS

## Visible balance

In the three months ended August, there was a deficit on visible trade of £3.2 billion - a surplus on trade in oil of £0.9 billion being offset by a deficit on non-oil trade of $£ 4.1$ billion. Between the three months ended May and the latest three months, the deficit on visible trade increased by £1.1 billion - the surplus on oil fell by £0. 3 billion while the deficit on non-oil trade increased by $£ 0.8$ billion.

# SECRET AND PERSONAL until release of Press Notice on 24 September 1987 at 11.30 am 

## Exports

Exports amounted to $£ 19.7$ billion in the three months ended August, £0. 3 billion ( $1 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent) more than in the previous three months. Exports of oil fell by $£ 0.2$ billion and exports of the erratic items fell by £O.1 billion. Excluding oil and the erratic items exports increased by $£ 0.5$ billion between the three months ended May and the latest three months.

By volume, exports fell by $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent between the three months ended May and the latest three months but were still 5 per cent higher than in the same period last year. Excluding oil and the erratic items, export volume increased by 3 per cent to be $7 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent higher than in the same period last year. The underlying level of non-oil export volume continues to remain close to the high level reached at the end of last year.

## Imports

Total imports were valued at $£ 22.9$ billion in the latest thee months, £1.4 billion (7 per cent) higher than in the previous three months. Imports of oil grew by $£ 0.2$ billion over the three months ended August while imports of the erratic items fell by $£ 0.1$ billion. Excluding oil and the erratic items, imports grew by 7 per cent between the three months ended May and the latest three months.

Total import volume in the latest three months was 7 per cent higher than in the previous three months and 8 per cent higher than

SECRET AND PERSONAL until release of Press Notice on 24 September 1987 at 11.30 am
appears thus been meres
in the same period last year. Excluding oil and the erratic items, import volume rose by 7 per cent in the latest three months to be 10 per cent higher than in the same period last year. The underlying level of non-oil import volume has been increasing in recent months, and is above that reached at the end of last year
 Terms of trade and unit values

The terms of trade index rose by around 1 per cent between the three months ended May and the three months ended August with the export unit value index increasing by 1 per cent and the import unit value index falling by $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Compared with the same three months of last year both the export unit value index and the import unit value index are up 6 per cent. As a result the terms of trade index is the same now as a year ago.

Export unit values for fuels rose by 5 per cent between the three months ended May and the latest three months while the unit value index for non-oil exports rose by $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Within the total for non-oil exports, most major sectors showed little change in unit values. The greatest rises, both of $1 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent, were in the unit values of cars and of basic materials.

Import unit values for fuels rose by 1 per cent between the three months ended May and the latest three months while the unit value index for non-oil imports fell by $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Import unit values for finished manufactures fell by 1 per cent over the latest three months.


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Analysis by area
Exports to the developed countries grew by 2 per cent between the three months ended May and the latest three months. Exports to the European Community countries grew by 1 per cent in the latest three months and exports to the other developed countries grew by 10 per cent. Deliveries to the developing countries increased by $1 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent between the three months ended May and the latest three months.

Imports from the developed countries increased by 8 per cent over the latest three months with arrivals from the European Community countries up 7 per cent, arrivals from North America up $6 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent and arrivals from the other developed countries up by 21 per cent. Imports from the developing countries increased by 19 per cent between the three months ended May and the latest three months.
I. CBI monthly trends enquiry - Results.
2. Total +3
$x+9 \leftarrow$ highest ever(?
stocks -1 first-venumber ever voloupur $+37 \leftarrow$ highest ever overprices +19 .

Ch Good on exports, out put $r$ pries - Int a der on order.
 spoor the a

##  <br> - 5

i. INVISIBLES

1. The estimates in tables 1 to 3 incorporte the revised figures for the first quater of 1987, and the preliminary estimates for the second quarter, which were published in the CSC press notice on the balance of payments accounts on 17 September.
2. Estimates of invisibles are based on a varíety of sources, mostly inquiries of those engaging in the various transactions. These are usually sample inquiries, and are variously held on quarterly, annual or periodical barses. For some components, data for recent periods are therefare incomplete and subject to significant estimatifai errọs.
3. The figures shown for the invisibles balance in most months are the estimates for the relevant guarters, taken Fram the balance of zayments accounts, expressed at a monthly rate. For the most recent months, however, the figures are prajections, which are rounded to the nearest. Eloo million to Emphems thar ofraonimateratas These projections are superceded by pealiminary Estimates som the balance of F-, NEत= accuntis when they are pul: ⿰hed around the midde zs "uran "F, Geftember and December. (This modifies the

 Gllowed to frepari rhese prelimiral estinates to improve their quality and reduce the likelihocd af revisions within relative-y shcrt periods).

## 

4 Following an investigation by Custome and Excise into the effecta of industrial action on the processing of import and export antries the figures for April to July have been adjusted to take account of unprocessed documents attributable to those monthe. Theee adjustamesa have bsen aader to the salence of Payments based figures (tables 1 to 7 and 16), but not to the 075 figuree (tablea 8 to 15). Thare are no adjustmenta for August. The amounta involved are as follomes

Adjuatment for unprocessed documents

|  | April | May | June | July | E aillion |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Exports | +32 | +57 | +72 | +47 |  |
| Imports | +64 | +23 | +35 | - |  |



## MONTHY Y REVIEM OF EXTERNAL TRADE STATISTICS

65 The Monthly Review supplements the information contained in this Press Notice. It gives longer historical runs of data and contains charts, tables on the UK Balance of Payments, UK exports and imports on an Overseas Trade Statistics basis, and certain international comparisons. The Monthly Review is available from the Department of Trade and Industry at the address given below for an annual subscription of $£ 43$ which includes the annual supplement. Individual copies are priced at $£ 3$, ( $£ 7$ for the annual supplement).

AREA (tables 11 and 15)
7 Low value consignments ie items of an individual values less than $£ 475$, are not analysed by country and are therefore excluded from the area data in tables 11 and 15. In addition the method of seasonal adjustment leads to further differences between the sum of areas and figures for total trade.

## STANDARD NOTES

$\$ 6$ There is a set of standard notes that describe the basis on which the figures in this Press Notice are compiled including the differences between the Balance of Payments (BOP) and the Overseas Trade Statistics (OTS) figures. Copies can be obtained from the address below.

Enquiries about the Standard Notes, and the Monthly Review, should be addressed to S2A, Room 255 , Department of Trade and Industry, 1 Victoria Street, London SW1H OET, Telephone: 01-215 4895.

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CURRENT BALANCE, VISIBLE TRADE AND INVISIBLES
(Balance of payments basis)

a Invisibles for July and August 1987 are projections.
b Monthly figures are one third of the appropriate calendar quarter's estimate or projection.

Table 3
INVISIBLES

$d$ ie excluding general Government transactions and all transfers.

e Export unit value index as a percentage of the import unit value index.

YALUE AND VOLUME OF EXPORTS AND IMPORTS EXCLUDING THE MORE ERRATIC ITEMS ${ }^{\text {f }}$
Table 5
(Balance of Paywents basis)

|  | Value $£$ million fob |  | Volume Index 1980 $=100$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Exports | Imports | Exports | 1 | Imports |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 73819 | 76749 | 123.1 | 1 | 133.7 |
| 1986 | 67459 | 77657 | 126.0 | 1 | 142.5 |
| 1986 Q2 | 16238 | 18455 | 123.0 | 1 | 136.8 |
| Q3 | 16367 | 19561 | 126.5 | 1 | 147.7 |
| Q4 | 17759 | 21146 | 133.0 | 1 | 153.8 |
| 1987 Q1 | 18125 | 19833 | 132.9 | 1 | 141.8 |
| Q2 | 17961 | 20681 | 129.4 | 1 | 149.0 |
| 1986 Dec | 5936 | 7112 | 133.9 | 1 | 154.3 |
| 1987 Jan | 5765 | 6489 | 128.3 | 1 | 140.8 |
| Feb | 6449 | 6884 | 141.2 | 1 | 147.4 |
| March | 5910 | 6461 | 129.3 | 1 | 137.2 |
| Apr | 6144 | 6753 | 135.0 | 1 | 146.3 |
| May | 5899 | 7139 | 127.0 | 1 | 153.3 |
| June | 5918 | 6790 | 126.2 | 1 | 147.3 |
| July | 6224 | 7330 | 133.8 | 1 | 156.7 |
| Aug | 6192 | 7791 | 132.0 | 1 | 166.1 |
| Jun-Aug 1986 | 16157 | 19237 | 124.3 | 1 | 145.7 |
| Mar-May 1987 | 17953 | 20352 | 130.5 | 1 | 145.6 |
| Jun-Aug 1987 | 18334 | 21910 | 130.7 | 1 | 156.7 |
| \% Change |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| Latest 3 month on |  |  |  | , |  |
| - previous 3 months | $+2$ | $+7 \frac{1}{2}$ | - | 1 | $+7 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| - same 3 months |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| one year ago | $+13$ | +14 | $+5$ | 1 | + $7 \frac{1}{2}$ |

[^2]

9 rrade in petroleum and petroleum products. These figuras differ from those published by the Department of Energy which are on a time of shipment basis (see paragraph 8 of the standard notes).
and personal
until release of press notice on 2.4 SEP 87
at 11.30 a.m.

f These are defined as ships, North Sea installations, aircraft, precious stones, and silver.
e Export unit value index as a percentage of the import unit value index.

and persenal
until release of press notice on 24 SEP 87 at $11.30 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$.
| Semi-manufactures | Finished manufactures excluding ships, | excluding precious | North Sea installations and aircraft $\lfloor$ stones \& silver(PS) | (SNA)

$h$ These are defined as ships, North Sea installations (together comprising SITC (REV 2) 793), aircraft (792) precious stones (667), and silver (681.1).
$j$ Based on the United Nations Broad Economic Categories end-use classification.

EXPORTS BY COMMODITY: VOLUME INDICES
Table 9
(Overseas Trade Statistics basis)
INDICES $1980=100$, seasonally adjusted

$h$ These are defined as ships, North Sea installations (together comprising SITC (REV 2) 793), aircraft (792) precious stones (667), and silver (681.1).
$j$ Based on the United Nations Broad Economic Categories end-use classification.

## EXPORTS BY COMMOOITY: UNIT VALUE INDICES <br> (Overseas Trade Statistics basis)

INDICES $1980=100$ not seasonally adjusted

$n$ These are defined as ships, North Ses installations (together comprising SITC (REV 2) 793), aircraft (792) precious stones (667), and silver (681.1).
$j$ Based on the United Nations Broad Economic Categories end-use classification.

EXPORTS BY AREA
Table 11
(Oversess Trade Statistics basis)
\& million, fob, seasonally adjusted

|  |  | Developed Countries |  |  |  |  |  | Develoning Countries |  |  | Centrally <br> planned economies |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Total } \\ \mathrm{K} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Total 1 | Europeen <br> Communit | 只est of W Europe | North <br> Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { merica I } \\ & \text { USA } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Other | Total 1 | $0 i l$ exporting countries | $1 \text { Other }$ |  |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| 1985 | 783921 | 62787 | 38226 | 7438 | 133321 | 115191 | 3791 | 138761 | 5952 | 17924 | : 587 |
| 1986 | 730091 | 577091 | 35004 | 6963 | 121281 | 103801 | 3614 | 131391 | 5495 | 17644 | :22: |
| 1986 Q2 | 178321 | 137991 | 8328 | 1710 | 28801 | 24941 | 881 | 34511 | 1551 | 11900 | 446 |
| Q3 | 17632 1 | 139441 | 8498 | 1709 | 28291 | 24321 | 909 | 32151 | 1317 | 1 1897 | 503 |
| Q4 | 193471 | 154741 | 9545 | 1799 | 32251 | 27171 | 905 | 32541 | 1238 | \| 2016 | 470 |
| 1987 Q1 | 196371 | 15715 \| | 9330 | 1747 | 36761 | 31531 | 962 | 34011 | 1313 | 12088 | 437 |
| Q2 | 193161 | 155151 | 9789 | 1903 | 28861 | 24071 | 937 | 34451 | 1306 | 12139 | 33 |
| 1987 June \| | 63511 | 50791 | 3210 | 613 | 9491 | 8001 | 308 | 11231 | 416 | 1707 | 3: |
| July \| | 67851 | 53981 | 3223 | 607 | 12031 | 10261 | 366 | 12011 | 416 | 785 | 126 |
| Aug | 65981 | 53541 | 3321 | 655 | 10361 | 8571 | 343 | 12181 | 494 | 724 | 150 |
| Mar-May 87 I | 19408 \| | 155531 | 9667 | 1871 | 30911 | 25751 | 924 | 34981 | 1370 | 12128 | 389 |
| Jun-Aug 87 \| | 197351 | 158311 | 9754 | 1874 | 31871 | 2682 1 | 1016 | 35431 | 1326 | 12217 | $3 \in 4$ |
| Percentage \| |  |  |  |  | - | , |  | 354 |  | 221 | ¢ |
| change 1 | + $1 \frac{1}{2}$ | $+2$ | $+1$ | - | $+31$ | + 4 | $+10$ | $+1 \frac{1}{2}$ | - 3 | $+4$ | - 6 t |

[^3]and personal
until release of press notice on 24.4.

$h$ These are defined as ships, North Sea installations (together comprising SITC (REV 2) 793), aircraft (792) precious stones (667.), and silver (681.1).
$j$ Based on the United Nations Broad Economic Categories end-use classification.
IMPORTS BY COMNODITY: VOLUNE INDICES
Table 13
(Overseas Trade Statistics basis)
INDICES $1980=100$ seasonally ad justed

h These are defined as ships, North Sea installations (together comprising SITC (REV 2) 793), aircraft (792) precious tones (667), and silver (681.1).
$j$ Based on the United Nations Broed Economic Categories end-use classification.
until release of press notice on $\hat{6} . \frac{4}{4}$

h These are defined as ships, North Sea installations (together comprising SIIC (REV 2) 793), aircraft (792)
precious stones (667), and silver (681.1).
$j$ Based on the United Nations Broad Economic Categories end-use classification.

```
IMPORTS BY AREA
(Overseas Trade Statistics basis)
```

Table 15
£ million cif seasonally ad justed

$K$ See paragraph 7 Notes to Editors.
and personal until release of press notice on 4 .ST? 87... at 11.30 a.m.

COMWOITY ANALYSIS OF VISIELE TRADE
(Balance of Paymenta besis)

E Illlion, seasonally adjusted


Monthly data at this level of detail are publiahed in the Monthly Review of External Trade Statistics.

# DI <br> <br> Pries 

 <br> <br> Pries}

SEVVET \& DESESOWAL UNTIL 11.30 am 24/9/87 Issued jointly with the Central Statistical Office (CSO)

Press enquiries:
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Invisibles 01-270 6357
Balance of Payments and Economy 01-270 5238

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Date 24 September 1987
Ref No 545

## The current account of the United Kingdom balance of payments

AUGUST 1987

The current account for August, seasonally adjusted, was estimated to have been in deficit by $£ 929$ million compared with a deficit of $£ 310$ million in July. In August, exports - seasonally adjusted on a balance of payments basis - were valued at $£ 6545$ million and imports at $£ 8073$ million so that trade in goods was in deficit by $£ 1529$ million.

The balance on invisibles is projected to be in surplus by $£ 600$ million, a large surplus on the transactions of the private sector and public corporations being partly offset by a deficit on Government transactions. This projection takes account of the latest estimates for the first six months of the year published by the CSO on 17 September.

JUNE TO AUGUST 1987

In the three months ended August, the current account showed a deficit of $£ 1.2$ billion compared with a broad balance in the previous three months. There was a deficit on visible trade of $£ 3.2$ billion in the latest three months compared with a deficit of $£ 2.0$ billion in the three months ended May. The surplus on invisibles in the latest three months is projected at $£ 1.9$ billion.

CURRENT ACCOUNT
TABLE 1
$£$ million, Seasonally adjusted

a Invisibles for July and August 1987 are projections.
b Monthly figures are one third of the appropriate calendar quarter's estimate or projection. Information relating to credits and debits cen be found in Table 3.

## VISIble trade in august

There was a deficit on visible trade in August of $£ 1529$ million compared with a deficit of $£ 910$ million in July. The surplus on oil was $£ 374$ million, $£ 90$ million higher than in July. The deficit on non-oil trade increased by $£ 709$ million.

Total exports in August were valued at $£ 6545$ million, which was $£ 232$ million ( $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent) lower than in July. Exports of oil increased by $£ 102$ million between the two months while exports of the erratic items decreased by $£ 200$ million. Excluding oil and the erratic items, exports fell by $2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent between July and August.

Total imports were valued at $£ 8073$ million in August, which was $£ 387$ million ( 5 per cent) higher than in July. Imports of oil increased by $£ 12$ million between the two months while imports of the erratic items decreased by $£ 74$ million. Excluding oil and the erratic items, imports grew by $6 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent between July and August.

## RECENT TREMDS

## Visible balance

In the three months ended August, there was a deficit on visible trade of $£ 3.2$ billion - a surplus on trade in oil of $£ 0.9$ billion being offset by a deficit on non-oil trade of $£ 4.1$ billion. Between the three months ended May and the latest three months, the deficit on visible trade increased by $£ 1.1$ billion - the surplus on oil fell by $£ 0.3$ billion while the deficit on non-oil trade increased by £0.8 billion.

## Exports

Exports amounted to $£ 19.7$ billion in the three months ended August, $£ 0.3$ billion (l $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent) more than in the previous three months. Exports of oil fell by $£ 0.2$ billion and exports of the erratic items fell by $£ 0.1$ billion. Excluding oil and the erratic items exports increased by $£ 0.5$ billion between the three months ended May and the latest three months.

By volume, exports fell by $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent between the three months ended May and the latest three months but were still 5 per cent higher than in the same period last year. Excluding oil and the erratic items, export volume increased by 3 per cent to be $7 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent higher than in the same period last year. The underlying level of non-oil export volume enntinues to remain cluse to the high level reached at the end of last year.

## Imports

Total imports were valued at $£ 22.9$ billion in the latest three months, $£ 1.4$ billion ( 7 per cent) higher than in the previous three months. Imports of oil grew by $£ 0.2$ billion over the three months ended August while imports of the erratic items fell by $£ 0.1$ billion. Excluding oil and the erratic items, imports grew by 7 per cent between the three months ended May and the latest three months.

Total import volume in the latest three months was 7 per cent higher than in the previous three months and 8 per cent higher than in the same period last year. Excluding oil and the erratic items, import volume rose by 7 per cent in the latest three months to be 10 per cent higher than in the same period last year. The underlying level of non-oil import volume appears to have been rising strongly in recent months, and is above that reached at the end of last year - although the August figure may be erratically high, as it was in 1986.

## Terms of trade and unit values

The terms of trade index rose by around 1 per cent between the three months ended May and the three months ended August with the export unit value index increasing by $l$ per cent and the import unit value index falling by $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Compared with the same three months of last year both the export unit value index and the import unit value index are up 6 per cent. As a result the terms of trade index is the same now as a year ago.

Export unit values for fuels rose by 5 per cent between the three months ended May and the latest three months while the unit value index for non-oil exports rose by $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Within the total for non-oil exports, most major sectors showed little change in unit values. The greatest rises, both of $l_{\frac{1}{2}}$ per cent, were in the unit values of cars and of basic materials.

Import unit values for fuels rose by 1 per cent between the three months ended May and the latest three months while the unit value index for non-oil imports fell by $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Import unit values for finished manufactures fell by $l$ per cent over the latest three months.

## Analysis by area

Exports to the developed countries grew by 2 per cent between the three months ended May and the latest three months. Exports to the European Community countries grew by l per cent in the latest three months and exports to the other developed countries grew by 10 per cent. Deliveries to the developing countries increased by $1 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent between the three months ended May and the latest three months.

Imports from the developed countries increased by 8 per cent over the latest three months with arrivals from the European Community countries up 7 per cent, arrivals from North America up $6 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent and arrivals from the other developed countries up by $2 l$ per cent. Imports from the developing countries increased by 19 per cent between the three months ended May and the latest three months.

## NOTES TO EDITORS

## INYISIBLES

1 The estimates in tables 1 to 3 incorporate the revised figures for the first quarter of 1987, and the preliminary estimates for the second quarter, which were published in the CSO press notice on the balance of payments accounts on 17 September.

2 Estimates of invisibles are based on a variety of sources, mostly inquiries of those engaging in the various transactions. These are usually sample inquiries, and are variously held on quarterly, annual or periodical basis. For some components, data for recent periods are therefore incomplete and subject to significant estimation errors.

3 The figures shown for the invisibles balance in most months are the estimates for the relevant quarters, taken from the balance of payments accounts, expressed at a monthly rate. For the most recent months, however, the figures are projections, which are rounded to the nearest $£ 100$ million to emphasise their approximate nature. These projections are superceded by preliminary estmates from the balance of payments accounts when they are published around the middle of March, June, September and December. (This modifies the procedure described in the December 1986 issue of Economic Trends; a review of the timetable concluded that more time should be allowed to prepare these preliminary estimates to improve their quality and reduce the likelihood of revisions within relatively short periods).

## ADJUSTMENT FOR UNPROCESSED DOCUMENTS

4 Following an investigation by Customs and Excise into the effects of industrial action on the processing of import and export entries the figures for April to July have been adjusted to take account of unprocessed documents attributable to those months. These adjustments have been made to the Balance of Payments based figures (tables 1 to 7 and l6), but not to the OTS figures (tables 8 to 15). There are no adjustments for August. The amounts involved are as follows:

Adjustment for unprocessed documents

|  | April | May | June | July | £ million |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Exports | +32 | +57 | +72 | +47 |  |
| Imports | +64 | +23 | +35 | - |  |

## MONTHLY REVIEW OF EXTERNAL TRADE STATISTICS

5 The Monthly Review supplements the information contained in this Press Notice. It gives longer historical runs of data and contains charts, tables on the UK Balance of Payments, UK exports and imports on an Overseas Trade Statistics basis, and certain international comparisons. The Monthly Review is available from the Department of Trade and Industry at the address given below for an annual subscription of $£ 43$ which includes the annual supplement. Individual copies are priced at $£ 3$, ( $£ 7$ for the annual supplement).

## STANDARD NOTES

6 There is a set of standard notes that describe the basis on which the figures in this press Notice are compiled including the differences between the Balance of Payments. (BOP) and the Overseas Trade Statistics (OTS) figures. Copies can be obtained from the address below.

AREA (tables 11 and 15)
7 Low value consignments ie items of an individual value less than $£ 475$, are not analysed by country and are therefore excluded from the area data in tables 11 and 15 . In addition the method of seasonal adjustment leads to further differences between the sum of areas and figures for total trade.

Enquiries about the Standard Notes, and the Monthly Review, should be addressed to S2A, Room 255 , Department of Trade and Industry, 1 Victoria Street, London SWlH OET, Telephone: 01-215 4895.

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CURRENT BALANCE, VISIBLE TRADE AND INYISIBLES
(Balance of payments basis)

a Invisibles for July and August 1987 are projections.
b Monthly figures are one third of the appropriate calendar quarter's estimate or projection.

Table 3
INVISIBLES
£ million seasonally adjusted


[^4]
e Export unit value index as a percentage of the import unit value index.
VALUE AND VOLUME OF EXPORTS AND IMPORTS EXCLUDING THE MORE ERRATIC ITEMSf (Balance of Payments basis)

Table 5 (Balance of Paymonts basis)
seasonally adjusted

|  | Value £ million fob |  | Volume Index $1980=100$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Exports | Imports | Exports | 1 | Imports |
|  |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| 1985 | 73819 | 76749 | 123.1 | 1 | 133.7 |
| 1986 | 67459 | 77657 | 126.0 | 1 | 142.5 |
| 1986 Q2 | 16238 | 10455 | 123.0 | 1 | 136.8 |
| Q3 | 16367 | 19561 | 126.5 | 1 | 147.7 |
| Q4 | 17759 | 21146 | 133.0 | 1 | 153.8 |
| 1987 Q1 | 18125 | 19833 | 132.9 | 1 | 141.8 |
| Q2 | 17961 | 20681 | 129.4 | 1 | 149.0 |
| 1986 Dec | 5936 | 7112 | 133.9 | 1 | 154.3 |
| 1987 Jan | 5765 | 6489 | 128.3 | 1 | 140.8 |
| Feb | 6449 | 6884 | 141.2 | 1 | 147.4 |
| March | 5910 | 6461 | 129.3 | I | 137.2 |
| Apr | 6144 | 6753 | 135.0 | 1 | 146.3 |
| May | 5899 | 7139 | 127.0 | 1 | 153.3 |
| June | 5918 | 6790 | 126.2 | 1 | 147.3 |
| July | 6224 | 7330 | 133.8 | 1 | 156.7 |
| Aug | 6192 | 7791 | 132.0 | 1 | 166.1 |
| Jun-Aug 1986 | 16157 | 19237 | 124.3 | 1 | 145.7 |
| Mar-May 1987 | 17953 | 20352 | 130.5 | 1 | 145.6 |
| Jun-Aug 1987 | 18334 | 21910 | 130.7 | 1 | 156.7 |
| \% Change |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| Latest 3 month on |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| - previous 3 months | $+2$ | $+7 \frac{1}{2}$ | - | 1 | + $7 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| - same 3 months |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| one year ago | $+13$ | + 14 | $+5$ | 1 | $+7 \frac{1}{2}$ |

f These are defined as ships, North Sea installations, aircraft, precious atones, and silver.

TRADE IN OIL ${ }^{9}$
(Balance of Payments basis)
seasonally adjusted

|  |  | \| Balance | | Exports of 011 |  |  |  |  |  | Imports of 0il |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \| of | |  |  | crude 0 il |  |  | Rest of |  |  |  |  | Crude 0 i |  |  | Rest of |
|  |  | \| Trade | | Total I | ] [SITC | (REV 2) 3 | 333.0] |  | Division \| |  | Total |  | [SITC | (REV 2) |  | 33.01 | Division \| |
|  |  | $\mid$ in oil \| |  |  |  |  |  | 33 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 33 |
|  |  | \| \& | | £ 1 | 1 غ |  | Avg value I |  | £ |  | £ |  | £ |  |  | Avg value | £ |
|  |  | \| million | | million \| | \| million | million | per tonne I |  | million \| |  | aillion |  | million | million |  | per tonne | million |
|  |  | fob 1 | fob I | 1 fob | tonnes \| | £ fob \| |  | fob I |  | fob | 1 | fob 1 | tonnes |  | £ fob | fob |
| , |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \| 1985 |  | $\|+8104\|$ | 16134 \| | 13006 \| | 79.6 | 163.4 | I | 3128 |  | 8029 |  | 4234 | 26.9 |  | 157.6 | 3796 |
| 1986 |  | $\|+4056\|$ | 8221 | 6294 | 82.1 \| | 76.7 |  | 1927 |  | 4165 |  | 2324 | 32.6 |  | 71.2 | 1841 |
| 1986 | Q2 | $1+7651$ | 1783 | 1211 \| | 18.6 \| | 65.1 | 1 | 572 |  | 1018 |  | 550 | 7.7 |  | 71.7 | 469 |
|  | Q3 | $\|+621\|$ | 1529 | 1120 | 19.7 | 57.0 |  | 408 |  | 908 | 1 | 435 | 8.7 |  | 50.1 | 473 |
| 1 | Q4 | $1+7851$ | 1886 | 1533 | 21.6 | 71.0 |  | 353 |  | 1101 |  | 617 | 9.6 |  | 64.5 | 484 |
| \| 1987 | Q1 | $\|+1164\|$ | 2225 | 1824 | 21.9 | 83.4 | 1 | 401 |  | 1061 | 1 | 624 | 7.9 |  | 79.3 | 437 |
|  | Q2 | $1+10331$ | 2076 | \| 1658 | 19.8 | 83.6 | 1 | 417 |  | 1042 |  | 658 | 8.3 |  | 79.3 | 384 |
| \| 1986 | Dec | $1+256 \mid$ | 625 | 1494 | 7.0 | 71.0 | 1 | 132 |  | 370 | I | 239 | 3.6 |  | 66.8 | 131 |
| \| 1987 | Jan | $1+3831$ | 731 | 1600 | 7.4 | 81.2 | 1 | 131 |  | 348 |  | 209 | 2.8 |  | 75.2 | 139 |
| , | Feb | $\|+328\|$ | 752 | 1600 | 7.1 | 84.3 | 1 | 151 |  | 424 |  | 241 | 3.0 | 1 | 81.3 | 183 |
| 1 | Mar | $1+4541$ | 7431 | \| 624 | | 7.4 | 84.6 | 1 | 119 |  | 289 |  | 173 | 2.1 |  | 81.7 | 116 |
| 1 | Apr | $1+4231$ | 832 | \| 679 | | 8.0 | 84.9 | 1 | 153 |  | 409 |  | 269 | 3.4 |  | 79.2 | 139 |
| 1 | May | $1+3651$ | 629 | 1516 | 6.4 | 81.3 |  | 113 |  | 264 |  | 127 | 1.6 |  | 77.5 | 137 |
| 1 | June | $1+2451$ | 615 | 1464 | 5.5 | 84.5 | 1 | 151 |  | 370 |  | 261 | 3.3 |  | 80.2 | 108 |
| 1 | July | + 2841 | 6601 | 1496 | 5.8 | 85.1 | 1 | 163 |  | 375 |  | 217 | 2.7 |  | 82.1 | 158 |
| $1$ | Aug | $1+3741$ | 761 | 1625 | 6.91 | 91.2 | 1 | 136 |  | 387 | 1 | 234 | 2.8 |  | 82.9 | 153 |
| \| Jun-A | g 198 | $6+6061$ | 1525 \| | \| 1092 | | 18.8 \| | 58.0 | 1 | 432 |  | 918 |  | 471 | 9.1 |  | 51.7 | 447 |
| \| Mar-M | y 198 | $7+12421$ | 2204 I | \| 1819 | | 21.7 | 83.7 | 1 | 385 |  | 961 |  | 570 | 7.2 |  | 79.6 | 392 |
| I Jun-A | g 198 | $7+9031$ | 2036 | \| 1585 | | 18.2 | 87.2 | 1 | 450 |  | 1132 |  | 713 | 8.7 |  | 81.6 | 420 |
|  | ange | 1 |  | 1 I |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \| Lates |  | , |  | 1 I |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| I month | on | 1 |  | 11 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \| - pre | ious | 1 |  | 1 |  |  | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | nths | 1 | - $7 \frac{1}{2} 1$ | \|-13| | $-16$ | $+4$ | 1 | $+17$ |  | $+18$ |  | +251 | + 22 |  | $+2 \frac{1}{2}$ | $+7$ |
| 1-sam | 3 | 11 |  | 1 | , | $1-1$ | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 month | one | 11 |  | 11 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| $\mid$ year |  | 11 | $+34$ | $1+451$ | - $3 \frac{1}{2} 1$ | $+50$ | 1 | $+41$ |  | + 23 |  | + 511 | - 4 |  | + 58 | - 6 |

9 Trade in petroleum and petroleum products. These figures differ from those published by the Department of Energy which are on time of shipment basis (see paragraph 8 of the stendard notes).

TRADE IN GOODS OTHER THAN OIL
(Balance of Payments basis)

f These are defined as ships, North Sea installations, aircraft, precious stones, and silver.
e Export unit value index as a percentage of the import unit value index.

|  |  | I |  | I |  |  |  | I |  |  | Manufac |  | res exc | xcludin | rratic |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | Food | 1 |  |  |  | 1 | Semi-mo | nenuf | tures |  | Finish | shed me | actur |  | clud |  | ips, |
|  |  | 11 | bever- |  | Basic \| |  | \| Total | 1 | excludi | ding pr | ecious |  | North | Sea i | tallat |  | and |  |  |
|  |  | \| Total | | ages |  | Mater | Fuels | Manufac |  | stones | \& ail | ver(PS) |  |  |  | (SNA) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1 | and |  | ials |  | \| tures | \| Total | |  |  | 1 |  |  | \| Pass-1 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 11 | tobacco |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 I | Total $\mid$ | \| Chemi | - Other |  | Total 1 | \| enger 1 | Other | I | Inter- |  | Capital |
|  |  | I |  | I | 1 |  |  | 1 |  | \| cals | 1 |  |  | \| Motor | | Consumer |  | mediate |  |  |
|  |  | 11 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | , |  |  | 1 |  |  | Cars |  |  |  |  |  |
| SI |  | 11 |  | I | , |  |  | \| 5-8 | | $5+6$ \| |  | 16 |  | $7+8$ \| |  |  | I |  | 1 |  |
|  |  | \| 0-9 | | $0+1$ | I | 2+4 | 3 | 5-8 | \| less | | less \| | 15 | \| less |  | less \| |  | J | 1 | J |  | j |
|  |  | 11 |  | 1 |  |  |  | \| SNAPS | | PS 1 |  | 1 PS |  | SNA 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 |  | \| 78392 | | 4971 | 1 | 2128 \| | 167951 | \| 52506 | \| 48473 | | 18458 \| | \| 9412 | \| 9046 |  | 300151 | \| 1343 | | 5257 | 1 | 13475 |  | 9940 |
| 1986 |  | \| 73009 | | 5478 | 1 | 20461 | 86831 | 54595 | \| 49697 | | 18758 \| | \| 9692 | \| 9066 |  | 309391 | \| 1362| | 5712 | 1 | 13682 | I | 10183 |
| 1986 | Q2 | \| 17832 | | 1284 | 1 | 4431 | 1922 I | \| 13644 | \| 12214 | | 46071 | \| 2394 | \| 2213 |  | 76071 | I 3401 | 1391 | 1 | 3353 | 1 | 2523 |
|  | Q3 | \| 17632 | | 1394 | 1 | 5421 | 1614 \| | \| 13582 | \| 12506 | | 48001 | \| 2470 | \| 2330 |  | 77061 | \| 3621 | 1470 | 1 | 3407 | I | 2467 |
|  | Q4 | \| 19347 | | 1571 | 1 | 5611 | 1970 \| | 114570 | \| 13139 | | 4924 I | \| 2539 | \| 2386 |  | 82151 | \| 361 | | 1534 | , | 3579 | 1 | 2740 |
| 1987 | Q1 | \| 19637 | | 1372 | 1 | 6241 | 23091 | 14642 | \| 13287 | | 48801 | \| 2507 | \| 2374 |  | 84071 | \| 4591 | 1660 | 1 | 3542 | 1 | 2745 |
|  | Q2 | \| 19316 | | 1347 | I | 5431 | 2158 \| | 14614 | \| 13260 | | 4880\| | \| 2498 | \| 2381 |  | 83801 | 4881 | 1653 | 1 | 3517 | 1 | 2722 |
| 1987 | June | \| 6351| | 443 | 1 | 188\| | 6361 | 4872 | \| 4420 | | 16551 | 1828 | \| 827 |  | 27641 | 1 1501 | 527 | I | 1178 | 1 | 909 |
|  | July | \| 6785| | 500 | 1 | $170 \mid$ | 6971 | 5212 | \| 4667 | | 17471 | 1867 | \| 879 |  | 2920 \| | 1921 | 602 | 1 | 1183 | 1 | 943 |
|  | Aug | \| 6598 ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 464 | 1 | 1951 | 7871 | 4942 | \| 45991 | 17721 | - 921 | 1852 |  | 2826.1 | 1591 | 555 | 1 | 1175 | 1 | 937 |
| Mar-M | May 87 | 1 19408 \| | 1336 | I | 5391 | 22891 | \| 14643 | \| 13259 | | 4860\| | \| 2514 | \| 2346 |  | 84001 | 1541 | 1657 | 1 | 3532 | 1 | 2707 |
| Jun-A | ug 87 | 197351 | 1407 | 1 | 5531 | 2121 | 15027 | \| 13685 | | 51741 | \| 2616 | \| 2558 |  | 85111 | \| 5011 | 1684 | 1 | 3536 | I | 2789 |
| Perce | ntage |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 I |  |  | I |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |
|  | nge | $\left.1+1 \frac{1}{2} \right\rvert\,$ | + 51 |  | + $2 \frac{1}{2} 1$ | - 71 | $1+2 \frac{3}{2}$ | $1+31$ | + $6 \frac{1}{1} 1$ | $1+4$ | $1+9$ |  | + $1 \frac{1}{2} 1$ | - -1 | $+1 \frac{1}{2}$ | $\underline{1}$ | - | 1 | $+3$ |

$h$ These are defined as ships, North Sea installations (together comprising SITC (REV 2) 793), aircraft (792) precious stones (667), and silver (681.1).
j Based on the United Nations Broad Economic Categories end-use classification.
EXPORTS BY COMMODITY: VOLUME INDICES
Table 9
(Overseas Trade Statistics basis)
INDICES $1980=100$, seasonally adjusted

h These are defined as ships, North Sea installations (together comprising SITC (REV 2) 793), aircraft (792) precious stones (667), and silver (681.1).
j Based on the United Nations Broad Economic Categories end-use classification.

## INDICES $1980=100$ not seasonally adjusted


$h$ These are defined as ships, North Sea installations (together comprising SITC (REV 2) 793), aircraft (792) precious stones (667), and silver (681.1).
$j$ Based on the United Nations Broad Economic Categories end-use classification.

EXPORTS BY AREA
Table 11
(Overseas Trade Statistics basis)

> £ million, fob, seasonally adjusted

|  |  | Developed Countries |  |  |  |  |  | Developing Countries |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\begin{array}{r\|} \text { Total } \\ K \end{array}$ | Total 1 | European I Community | Rest of $W$ Europe | North A <br> Totel | USA I | Other I | Total | Oil exporting countries | I Other I | planned economies |
|  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 78392 \| | 62787 | 38226 | 7438 | 133321 | 11519 \| | 3791 | 138761 | 5952 | 7924 | 1587 |
| 1986 | 730091 | 577091 | 35004 | 6963 | 12128 \| | 10380 \| | 3614 \| | 131391 | 5495 | 7644 | 1721 |
| 1986 Q2 | 17832 \| | 137991 | 8328 | 1710 | 28801 | 24941 | 881 \| | 34511 | 1551 | 1900 | 446 |
| Q3 | 17632 \| | 13944 \| | 8498 | 1709 | 2829 \| | 2432 I | yuy I | 3215 \| | 1317 | 1897 | 368 |
| Q4 | 193471 | 15474 \| | 9545 | 1799 | 32251 | 27171 | 9051 | 32541 | 1238 | 2016 | 470 |
| 1987 Q1 | 19637 \| | 15715 \| | 9330 | 1747 | 36761 | 31531 | 962 I | 34011 | 1313 | 12088 | 437 |
| Q2 | 19316 \| | 15515 \| | 9789 | 1903 | 2886 I | 2407 I | 937 I | 34451 | 1306 | 2139 | 337 |
| 1987 June \| | 63511 | 5079 \| | 3210 | 613 | 9491 | 8001 | 3081 | 11231 | 416 | 707 | 91 |
| July I | 67851 | 53981 | 3223 | 607 | 12031 | 10261 | 366 1 | 12011 | 416 | 785 | 124 |
| Aug 1 | 6598 1 | 53541 | 3321 | 655 | 10361 | 8571 | 3431 | 12181 | 494 | 724 | 150 |
| Mar-May 87 | 194081 | 155531 | 9667 | 1871 | 30911 | 25751 | 9241 | 34981 | 1370 | 2128 | 389 |
| Jun-Aug 87 \| | 197351 | 15831 \| | 9754 | 1874 | 31871 | 2682 I | 1016 \| | 35431 | 1326 | 2217 | 364 |
| Percentage |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $1+4$ |  |
| change | $+1 \frac{1}{2}$ | $+21$ | $+1$ | - | $+31$ | +411 | $+101$ | + $1 \frac{1}{2} 1$ | $-3$ | $1+4$ | $-6 \frac{1}{2}$ |

[^5]
$h$ These are defined as ships, North Sea installations (together comprising SITC (REV 2) 793), aircraft (792) precious stones (667), and silver (681.1).
j Based on the United Nations Broad Economic Categories end-use classification.

IMPORTS BY COMMODITY8 VOLUME INDICES
Table 13
(Overseas Trade Statistics basis)
INDICES $1980=100$ seasonally adjusted

h These are defined as ships, North Sea installations (together comprising SITC (REV 2) 793), aircraft (792) precious
tones (667), and silver (681.1).
j Based on the United Nations Broad Economic Categories end-use classification.

IMPORTS BY COMMODITY: UNIT VALUE INDICES
(Overseas Trade Statistics basis)
INDICES $1980=100$ not seasonally adjusted

h These are defined as ships, North Sea installations (together comprising SITC (REV 2) 793), aircraft (792) precious stones (667), and silver (681.1).
j Based on the United Nationa Broad Economic Categories end-use classification.
IMPORTS BY AREA
Table 15
(Overseas Trade Statistics basis)
む million cif seasonally adjusted

$K$ See paragraph 7 Notes to Editors.

## COMMODITY ANALYSIS OF VISIBLE TRADE

(Balance of Paymenta basis)
£ willion, seasonally adjusted


Monthly data at this level of detail are published in the Monthly Review of External Trade Statistics.

## CONFIDENTIAL

MR P DAVIS - EA2
FROM: S P JUDGE
DATE: 12 October 1987
cc PS/Chancellor
PS/Economic Secretary

MONTHLY NOTE ON THE BALANCE OF PAYMENTS - OCTOBER 1987
The Paymaster General has seen your monthly note.

He would like to know how car sales this year have been split between imports and home manufacture/assembly. He wonders what information you have on automotive components, as these redound on the assembly question.

$S$ P JUDGE
Private Secretary

FIRST DRAFT

| COPY |
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| No. (18) |

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THE CURRENT ACCOUNT OF THE UNITED KINGDOM BALANCE OF PAYMENTS


SEPTEMBER 1987

The current account for September, seasonally adjusted, was estimated
to have been in deficit by $£ 55$ million compared with a deficit of $£ 929$ million in August. In September, exports - seasonally adjusted on a balance of payments basis - were valued at $£ 6980$ million and imports at £7635 million so that the trade in goods was in deficit by $£ 655$ million.

The balance on invisibles is projected to be in surplus by £600 million, a large surplus on the transactions of the private sector and public corporations being partly offset by a deficit on Government transactions

```
JULY TO SEPT 1987
```

In the three months ended September, the current account showed a
deficit of $£ 1.3$ billion compared with a deficit of $£ 0.2$ billion in
the previous three months. There was a deficit on visible trade
of $£ 3.1$ billion in the latest three months compared with a deficit
of $£ 2.4$ billion in the three months ended June. The surplus on
invisibles in the latest three months is projected at £1.8 billion.
[Table 1]


TABLE 1
£ million, Seasonally adjusted

| 1 |  |  | 1 | Current Balance | Visible Trade |  |  |  |  | Invisibles Balance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1 |  | Balance | 1 | Exports | 1 | Imports |  |
|  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 | fob |  | fob |  |
| 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 | I | I |  | I |  | 1 |
| 1 | 1985 |  | 1 | + 2919 \| | - -2178 | 1 | 78111 | 1 | 80289 | $1+5097$ |
| 1 | 1986 |  | 1 | - 980 | -8463 | 1 | 72843 | 1 | 81306 \| | $1+7483$ |
| 1 | 1986 | Q3 | 1 | - 910 | -2891 | 1 | 17553. | 1 | 20444 | + 1981 |
| 1 |  | Q4 | 1 | - 960 | -2725 | 1 | 19340 | 1 | 22065 1 | + 1765 |
| 1 | 1987 | Q1 | 1 | + 672 | -1135 | 1 | 19637 | I | 20772 1 | $1+1807$ |
| 1 |  | Q2 | 1 | - 174 | -2361. | 1 | 19381 | 1 | 21742 \| | $1+2187$ |
| 1 |  | Q3 |  | $-12931$ | 1 -3093- | 1 | 20301 - | 1 | 23394-1 | $1+1800$ |
| 1 | 1987 | April | 1 | + 2031 | - -526 | 1 | 6610 | 1 | 7136 . | 1 + 729 |
| I |  | May | 1 | - 367 | \| -1096 | 1 | 6372 | I | 7467 | $1+729$ |
| 1 |  | June | 1 | - 111 | 1 - 740 | I | 6399 | 1 | 7139 | + 729 |
| 1 |  | July | 1 | - 310a | - 910 | 1 | 6776 | 1 | 7686 | $+600 \mathrm{a}$ |
| I |  | Aug | 1 | - 929a.1 | $-1529$ | 1 | 6545 | 1 | 8073. | $+600 a$ |
|  |  | Sept |  | - $55 a 1$ | - 655. | 1 | $6980{ }^{\prime}$ |  | 76.35 | $1+600 a r 1$ |
|  | Jan-Se | pt 198 |  | -796 . 1 | $1-6590$ |  | 59318 |  | 6590\%-1 | $15794-1$ |

a Inviaibles for July to September 1987 are projections.
b Monthly figures are one third of the appropriate calendar quarter's estiate or projection. Inforation relating to credits and debite can be found in Table 3.

## Visible trade in september

There was a deficit on visible trade in September of £655 million compared with a deficit of $£ 1529$ million in August. The surplus on oil was £284 million, £90 million less than in August. The deficit on non-oil trade decreased by $£ 964$ million.

Total exports in September were valued at $£ 6980$ million, which was $£ 435$ million ( $6 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent) higher than in August. Exports of oil decreased by $£ 102$ million between the two months while exports of the erratic items increased by £121 million. Excluding oil and the erratic items, exports rose by $7 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent between August and September

Total imports were valued at $£ 7635$ million in September, which was $£ 438$ million ( $5 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent) lower than in August. Imports of oil
fell by £11 million between the two months and imports of the erratic items fell by 23 million. Excluding oil and the erratic items, imports fell by $5 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent between August and September.

## RECENT TRENDS

## Visible balance

In the three months ended September, there was a deficit on visible trade of £3.1 billion - a surplus on trade in oil of £0.9 billion being offset by a deficit on non-oil trade of £4.0 billion. Between the three months ended June and the latest three months, the deficit on visible trade increased by £O.7 billion - the surplus on oil fell by £0.1 billion while the deficit on non-oil trade increased by £0.6 billion.

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## Exports

Exports amounted to $£ 20.3$ billion in the three months ended September, £0.9 billion ( $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent) more than in the previous three months. Exports of oil and of the erratic items were unchanged. Excluding oil and the erratic items, exports increased by £1.0 billion between the three months ended June and the latest three months.

By volume, exports rose by $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent between the three months ended June and the latest three months to be $6 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent higher than the same period a year ago. Excluding oil and the erratic items, export volume increased by 6 per cent to be $9 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent higher than in the same period last year. The underlying trend of non-oil volume now seems to have been rising in recent months and is above the high level reached at the end of last year.

## Imports

Total imports were valued at $£ 23.4$ billion in the latest three months, £1.7 billion ( $7 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent) higher than in the previous three months. Imports of oil rose by $£ 0.1$ billion over the three months ended September and imports of the erratic items fell by £0. 2 billion. Excluding oil and the erratic items, imports grew by $8 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent between the three months ended June and the latest three months.

Total imports volume in the latest three months was 7 per cent higher than in the previous three months and $8 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent higher

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#### Abstract

than in the same period last year. Excluding oil and the erratic items, import volume rose by 8 per cent in the latest three months to be 12 per cent higher than in the same period last year. The underlying level of non-oil import volume appears to have been rising in recent months, and is above that reached at the end of last year.


Terms of trade and unit values
The terms of trade index remained unchanged between the three months ended June and the three months ended September with the export unit value index increasing by 1 per cent and the import unit value index increasing by $1 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Compared with the same three months of last year, the export unit value index rose by $6 y_{2} p e r$ cent and the import unit value index by 6 per cent. As a result the terms of trade index is unchanged.

Export unit values for fuels rose $5 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent between the three months ended June and the latest three months while the unit value index for non-oil exports rose by 1 per cent. Within the total for non-oil exports, most sectors showed small increases in unit values. The largest rises were of 3 per cent in the unit values of passenger motor cars and of 2 per cent in the unit values of both semi-manufactures and of other consumer manufactures.

Import unit values for fuels rose by 2 per cent between the three months ended June and the latest three months and the unit value

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for non-alimports rose by $1 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Import unit values for finished manufactures rose by $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent over the latest three months.

Analysis by area
Exports to the developed countries grew by $5 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent between the three months ended June and the latest three months. Exports to the European Community countries grew by 3 per cent in the latest three months; exports to North America grew by 13 per cent and exports to the other developed countries increased by 16 per cent. Deliveries to the developing countries rose by 4 per cent between the three months ended June and the latest three months.

Imports from the developed countries increased by 8 per cent over the latest three months with arivals from the European Community countries up by $7 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent, arrivals from North America up 10 per cent and arrivals from the other developed countries up by 15 per eent. Imports from the developing countries increased by 19 per cent between the three months ended June and the latest three months.

## NOTES TO EDITORS

## INVISIBLES

1 Estimates of invisibles are basad on a variety of sources, mostly inquiries of those engaging in the various transactions. These are usually sample inquiries, and are variously held on quarterly, annual or periodical basis. For some components, data for recent periods are therefore incomplete and subject to significant estimation errors.
2. The figures shown for the invisibles balance in most months are the estimates for the relevant quarters, taken from the balance of payments accounts, expressed at a monthly rate. For the most recent months, however, the figures are projections, which are rounded to the nearest $£ 100 \mathrm{million}$ to emphasise their approximate nature. These projections are superceded by preliminary estmates from the balance of payments accounts when they are published around the middle of March, June, September and December. (This modifies the procedure described in the December 1986 issue of Economic Trends; a review of the timetable concluded that more time should be allowed to prepare these preliminary estimates to improve their quality and reduce the likelihood of revisions within relatively short periods).

## ADJUSTMENT FOR UNPROCESSED DOCUMENTS

3 Following an investigation by Customs and Excise into the effects of industrial action on the processing of import and export entries the figures for April to July have been adjusted to take account of unprocessed documents attributable to those months. These adjustments have been made to the Balance of Payments based figures (tables 1 to 7 and 16), but not to the OTS figures (tables 8 to 15). Therero adjuatmentar-Augat. The amounts involved are as follows:

## Adjustment for unprocessed documents

|  | April | May | June | July | E million |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Exports | +32 | +57 | +72 | +47 |  |
| Imports | +64 | +23 | +35 | - |  |

## MONTHLY REVIEW OF EXTERNAL TRADE STATISTICS

${ }^{1}+$ The Monthly Review supplements the information contained in this press Notice. It gives longer historical runs of data and contains charts, tables on the UK Balance of Payments, UK exports and imports on an Overseas Trade Statistics basis, and certain international comparisons. The Monthly Review is available from the Department of Trade and Industry at the address given below for an annual subscription of $£ 43$ which includes the annual supplement. Individual copies are priced at $£ 3$, ( $£ 7$ for the annual supplement).

## STANDARD MOTES

5 There is a set of standard notes that describe the basis on which the figures in this press Notice are compiled including the differences between the Balance of Payments (BOP) and the Overseas Trade Statistics (OTS) figures. Copies cen be obtained from the address below.

## AREA (tables 11 and 15)

f, Low value consignments ie itams of andividual value less than $£ 475$, are not analysed by country and are therefore excluded from the area data in tables 11 and 15. In addition the method of seasonal adjustment leads to further differences between the sum of areas and figures for total trade.

Enquiries about the Standard Notes, and the Monthly Review, should be addressed to S2A, Room 255, Department of Trade and Industry, 1 Victoria Street, London SW1H OET, Telephone: 01-215 4895.

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a Invisibles for July to September 1987 are projections.
b Monthly figures are one third of the appropriate calendar quarter's estimate or projection.

Table 3
INVISIBLES
£ million seasonally adjusted

|  |  | All Sectors |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | Private Sector and Public Corporations ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 1 | of which |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Credits | Debits | \| Balance | 1 | 1 | Intereot | 1 |  | 1 | Credits | 1 | Debits | 1 | Balance |
|  |  |  |  | 1 | \| Services | 1 | Profits | 1 | Transfers | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | Dividends |  |  | 1 |  | I |  | 1 |  |
| 1984 |  | 77061 | 71203 | $1+5858$ | $1+3481$ | 1 | + 4216 | 1 | - 1839 | 1 | 71761 | 1 | 62373 | 1 | $+9388$ |
| 1985 |  | 79784 | 74687 | $1+5097$ | $1+5381$ | 1 | + 2992 | I | - 3276 | 1 | 75134 | 1 | 64724 | 1 | +10410 |
| 1986 |  | 76202 | 68719 | $1+7483$ | $1+4990$ | 1 | + 4686 | 1 | - 2193 | 1 | 71094 | 1 | 59111 | 1 | +11983 |
| 1985 | Q1 | 21694 | 20605 | $1+1089$ | $1+1132$ | 1 | + 908 | 1 | - 951 | 1 | 20449 | 1 | 17911 | 1 | + 2538 |
|  | Q2 | 20159 | 18644 | $1+1515$ | $1+1470$ | 1 | + 748 | 1 | - 703 | 1 | 19117 | 1 | 16427 | 1 | + 2690 |
|  | Q3 | 19351 | 17615 | $1+1736$ | $1+1500$ | 1 | $+1118$ | 1 | - 882 | 1 | 18129 | 1 | 14953 | 1 | + 3176 |
|  | Q4 | 18580 | 17823 | $1+757$ | $1+1279$ | 1 | + 218 | 1 | - 740 | 1 | 17439 | 1 | 15433 | 1 | + 2006 |
| 1986 | Q1 | 18916 | 16932 | $1+1984$ | $1+1265$ | 1 | + 792 | 1 | - 73 | 1 | 17562 | 1 | 14907 | 1 | + 2655 |
|  | Q2 | 18451 | 16698 | $1+1753$ | $1+1188$ | 1 | $+1118$ | 1 | - 553 | 1 | 17139 | 1 | 14296 | 1 | + 2843 |
|  | Q3 | 19245 | 17264 | $1+1981$ | $1+1251$ | 1 | + 1505 | 1 | - 775 | 1 | 17957 | 1 | 14660 | 1 | + 3297 |
|  | Q4 | 19590 | 17825 | $1+1765$ | $1+1286$ | 1 | $+1271$ | 1 | - 792 | 1 | 18436 | 1 | 15248 | 1 | + 3188 |
| 1987 | Q1 | 19696 | 17889 | $1+1807$ | $1+1241$ | 1 | $+1349$ | 1 | - 783 | 1 | 18043 | 1 | 14828 | I | $+3215$ |
|  | Q2 | 19652 | 17465 | $1+2187$ | $1+1554$ | 1 | + 1258 | 1 | - 625 | 1 | 18194 | 1 | 14764 |  | + 3430 |

$d$ ie excluding general Government transactions and all transfers.

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| 1 |  |  | Unit Value (Not seasonally adjusted) |  |  |  |  | I | Volume (seasonally adjusted) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Exports | 1 | Imports |  | Terms of Trade ${ }^{\text {e }}$ | 1 | Exports | 1 | Imports |
| 1 |  | I |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| \| 1985 |  | 1 | 143.5 | 1 | 145.2 | 1 | 98.8 | 1 | 118.7 | 1 | 126.0 |
| \| 1986 |  | 1 | 136.6 | 1 | 134.0 | 1 | 101.9 | 1 | 123.1 | 1 | 134.2 |
| \| 1986 | Q3 | 1 | 134.3 | 1 | 130.1 |  | 103.2 | 1 | 122.6 | 1 | 139.0 |
| 1 | Q4 | 1 | 138.1 | 1 | 136.8 |  | 100.9 | 1 | 130.5 | 1 | 144.0 |
| \| 1987 | Q1 | 1 | 140.7 | 1 | 140.0 |  | 100.5 | 1 | 130.0 | 1 | 133.2 |
| 1 | Q2 | 1 | 141.2 | 1 | 136.2 |  | 103.7 | 1 | 126.3 | 1 | 140.7 |
| 1 | Q3 | 1 | 142.9 - | 1 | 138.1 |  | 165.0 | 1 | , 36.5- | 1 | 15 c .7 |
| \| 1987 | Jan | I | 140.4 . | 1 | 140.1 |  | 100.2 | 1 | 124.6 | 1 | 131.4 |
| 1 | Feb | 1 | 140.8 | 1 | 140.3 | I | 100.4 | 1 | 138.4 | 1 | 138.0 |
| I | March | 1 | 141.0 | 1 | 139.8 |  | 100.8 | 1 | 126.9 | 1 | 130.2 |
| 1 | Apr | 1 | 141.0 | 1 | 137.2 |  | 102.8 | 1 | 131.4 | 1 | 138.6 |
| , | May | 1 | 140.9 | 1 | 135.7 |  | 103.8 | 1 | 123.9 | 1 | 144.3 |
| , | June | 1 | 141.6 | 1 | 135.7 | 1 | 104.4 | 1 | 123.5 | 1 | 139.1 |
| 1 | July | 1 | 141.7 | 1 | 137.5 | I | 103.1 | 1 | 131.3 | 1 | 147.6 |
| 1 | Aug | 1 | 143.6 | 1 | 138.5 |  | 103.6 | 1 | 126.4 | 1 | 154.9 |
| 1 | Sept | 1 | $14 \therefore 6$ | 1 | $13 \times 4$ |  | 105.4 | 1 | 1334 | 1 | 179.6 |
|  | Change |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| \| Latest | 3 month |  |  | , |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| \| - prev | ous 3 m |  | + 1 | 1 | $\therefore 1 \frac{1}{2}$ |  | - | 1 | $+3 \frac{1}{2}$ | 1 | + 7 |
| 1-same | 3 month | , |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| $\underline{\text { one }}$ | ear ago | 1 | $+6 \frac{1}{2}$ | 1 | $+6-$ |  | - | 1 | $+6 \frac{1}{2}-$ |  | $+8 \frac{1}{2}$ |

e Export unit value index as a percentage of the import unit value index.

## VALUE AND VQUUE OF EXPORTS AND IMPORTS EXCLUOING THE MORE ERRATIC ITEMS ${ }^{\prime}$ <br> (Balance of Payments basis)

Table 5
seasonally adjusted

f These are defined as ships, North Sea installations, aircraft, precious stones, and silver.
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TRADE IN OIL9
(Balance of Payments basis)
seasonally adjusted


Trade in petroleum and petroleu products. These figures differ frow those published by the Department of Energy which are on a time of shipment basis (see paragraph 8 of the standard notes).
and personal


## TRADE IN GOOOS OTHER THAN OIL <br> (Balance of Payments basis)



[^6]
h These are defined as ships, North Sea installations (together comprising SITC (REV 2) 793), aircraft (792) preciou: stones (667), and silver (681.1).
j Based on the United Nations Broad Economic Categories end-use classification.
EXPORTS BY COMMODITY: VOLUNE INDICES
Table 9 (Overseas Trade Statistics basis)

INDICES $1980=100$, sessonally adjusted

h These are defined as ships, North Sea installations (together comprising SITC (REV 2) 793), aircraft (792) precious stones (667), and silver (681.1).
$j$ Based on the United Nations Broad Economic Categories end-use classification.
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$h$ These are defined as ships, North Sea installations (together comprising SITC (REV 2) 793), aircraft (792) precious stones (667), and silver (681.1).
$j$ Based on the United Nations Broad Economic Categories end-use classification.

EXPORTS BY AREA
Table 11
(Overseas Trade Statistics basis)
£ million, fob, sessonally edjustec


K See paragraph 6 of Notes to Editors.
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|  | 11 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | Aanufact | ures ex | cluding | erraticsh |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 11 | Food | 1 |  | I | 11 | Semi－m | anufactu | ures | Finis | hed manu | factures | cluding | hips， |
|  |  | bever－1 | Basic｜ |  | ｜Total｜ |  | exclud | ing prec | cious | Nort | Sea in | tallatio | and air | nipst |
|  | ｜Total｜ | ages । | Mater－ | Fuels | Manufac－ |  | stones | \＆silve | er（PS） |  |  | （SNA） |  |  |
|  | 1 | and I | ials｜ |  | ｜tures｜ | ｜Total｜ |  |  |  |  | ｜Pass－｜ |  |  |  |
|  | 11 | tobacco I | 1 |  | I |  | Total 1 | ｜Chemi－ | Other I | Total | ｜enger｜ | Other | Inter－ 1 | Capital |
|  | 11 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 I |  |  | ｜cals |  |  | $\mid$ Motor｜ | Consumer | mediate｜ |  |
|  | 11 |  | $\square$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cars |  | 1 |  |
| SITC | 11 |  | 1 |  |  | 5－8 | $5+6$ |  | 6 | $7+8$ |  |  |  |  |
| （REV 2） | 0－9 | $0+1$ | 244 | 3 | 5－8 | less｜ | less｜ | 5 | 1ess | less | j | j | j | j |
|  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  | SNAPS | PS |  | PS | SNA |  |  | 1 |  |
|  | 11 |  | 1 |  | 1 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| 1985 | ｜ 85027 ｜ | 93371 | 53881 | 10664 ｜ | ｜ $58312 \mid$ | ｜ 549341 | 196111 | 69011 | ｜ 12710 | 353221 | 4165 | 8884 | 116231 | 10649 |
| 1986 | ｜86066｜ | 10067．1 | 49881 | 62941 | ｜ 628331 | ＋ 59472 r | 207131 | ｜ 73461 | 113367 | 387591 | （4809－1 | $10177^{\prime}$ | 12706 r | 11067 |
| 1986 Q3 | ｜ 21836 ｜ | 2564 | 11901 | 15021 | ｜ 16041 ｜ | 15199 r | 52071 | ＋183r | 3376 | 99921 | 1279 | 2653 ． | 3268 \％ | 2792 |
| Q4 | ｜ 23269 ｜ | 2632 | 13761 | 15411 | ｜ $17146 \mid$ | ｜ 16303 ｜ | 54721 | 1922 | 35491 | 108321 | 1279 | 2838 | 35971 | 3118 |
| 1987 Q1 | ｜ 21819 ｜ | 2473 | 13861 | 14681 | 161481 | ｜ 15248 ｜ | 53771 | 1943 | 3434 | 9871 | 1054 | 2576 | 32891 | 2952 |
| Q2 | ｜228191｜ | 2450 － | 14111 | 14651 | 171761 | 161831 | 56861 | 2024 । | ｜ 36621 | 104971 | ｜ 1196 | 2785 ${ }^{\text {－}}$ | 35491 | 2967. |
| Q3 | 12ディ斤 | 25861 | 14231 | 16.991 | 185781 | （i77771 | 61001 | 21591 | 139411 | 11678 | 1447 | 2999. | 39251 | $33 \times$ ż |
| 1987 July I | 81271 | 855 | 4531 | 5461 | 1 60581 | ¢ 5772 1 | 19341 | 687／1 | 112471 | 38381 | ｜ $468{ }^{\text {¹ }}$ | 959 － | 13071 | 1104 |
| Aug ！ | 8783． 1 | 860.1 | 4881 | 551 | 1．6483t | ＋ 62081 | 2144 ł | ＋ 7781 | ｜ 13661 | 4065 | －569－1 | 1040－1 | 1364 r | 1092 |
| Sept 1 | 1：309181 | $8+0.1$ | 4831 | 3511 | 60571 | 57971 | 20.231 | 6941 | 11328.1 | 37751 | 4101 | $999 \cdot 1$ | i 254 －1 | 1112 |
| Percentagd |  |  | ， |  | ， |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| change｜ | $1+9 \div 1$ | － $5 \frac{1}{2}$ | $+1,1$ | $+131$ | $+8 \frac{1}{2}$ | $1+10$ | $+7 \frac{1}{2} 1$ | $+6 \frac{1}{2} 1$ | $1+7 \frac{1}{2}$ | ＋11 | $+21$ | $+7 \frac{1}{2}$ | ＋11 | ＋11 |
| Q3／Q2 |  | $t$ |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 11 |  |  | $\checkmark 1$ | －1 | － |

h These are defined as ships，North Sea installations（together comprising SITC（REV 2）793），aircraft（792）precious stones（667），and silver（681．1）．
$j$ Based on the United Nations Broad Economic Categories end－use classification．
IMPORTS BY COMWODITY：VOL，URE INDICES
Table 13
（Overseas Trade Statiatice basis）
INDICES $1980=100$ sessonally adjusted

h These are defined as ships，North See installations（together comprising SITC（REV 2）793），aircraft（792）precious stones（667），and silver（681．1）．
$j$ Based on the United Nations Broad Economic Categories end－use clasaification．

and personal
until release of press notice on2．3．CiLT．87．at $11.30 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$ ．

## IMPORTS BY COMMODITY: UNIT VALLE INDICES <br> (Overseas Trade Statistics basis)


${ }^{h}$ These are defined as ships, North Sea installations (together comprising SITC (REV 2) 793), aircraft (792)
precious stones (667), and silver (681.1).
$j$ Based on the United Nations Broad Economic Categories end-use classification.
IMPORTS BY AREA
Table 15
(Overseas Trade Statistics basis)
£ million cif seasonally adjusted

| ! | Total K | Developed Countries |  |  |  |  |  | Developing Countries |  |  |  | Centrally <br> planned <br> economies |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total 1 | European I | Rest of I | North A | Americal | Other 1 | \| Total | | Oil exporting |  | Other 1 |  |
|  |  |  | Community | W Europe I | Total 1 | USA |  |  | countries |  |  |  |
| 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 185027 | 716651 | 41474 | 12102 | 11709 \| | 2926 | 6379 | \| 11327 | 2815 |  | 8512 ! | 1893 |
| 1986 | \| 86066-1 | 73285 ¢ | 44506-1 | 11864 \| | 10054 1 | 8468 + | 6861 \| | \| 10514 | | 1877 |  | 86371 | 1856 |
| 1986 Q3 | \| 21836-1 | 185694 | 11426-1 | 2896 1 | 2512.1 | 2138-1 | 1735 | 12670 T | 408 |  | 22621 | 456 |
| Q4 | \| 23269 | 197051 | 11950 | 3151 \| | 27711 | 2331 | 1833 | 1 2928 | 511 |  | 24181 | 511 |
| 1987 Q1 | \| 21819 | 186251 | 11411 | 3060 1 | 24351 | 2025 | 1720 | 2540 | 462 |  | 20781 | 482 |
| Q2 | 22819 -1 | 19602才 | $12100{ }^{\prime}$ | 32027 | 26161 | 2223 -1 | 1684 '\| | $\|2683\|$ | 432 , |  | 2251 r | 497 - |
| Q3 | 1250091 | 211521 | $12980^{\prime}$ । | $3367 \% 1$ | 28731 | 2446'1 | 19321 | $13200 \mid$ | 466 - |  | 27341 | $562$ |
| 1987 July | I 8127 / 1 | 6944 ' | 4250-1 | 1107 - | 9461 | 7911 | 6411 | 1906 - | $139{ }^{\prime}$ |  | 7671 | 181 |
| Aug |  | 74631 | 4562 1 | 1274-1 | 9151 | 832.1 |  | \| 1216 | | 125- |  | 1091 \| |  |
| Sept | $80 \% 8 .$ | 67441 | 41681 | 9871 | 9541 | 82451 | 636'1 | $11078-1$ | $202-$ |  | 8761 | $197$ |
| Percentage |  |  | +7 1 | - 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| change | $1+9 \div$ | -8 | +7 | $+5$ | $+101$ | +10 1 | +15 | $1+19$ | $+8$ |  | 21 | +13 |
| Q3/Q2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

K See paragraph 6 Notes to Editors.

## (Balance of Payments basis)

£ million, seasonally adjusted


Monthly data at this level of detail are published in the Monthly Review of External Trade Statistics.


## MONTHLY NOTE ON THE BALANCE OF PAYMENTS - OCTOBER 1987

* The visible trade deficit rose to $£ 1.5$ billion in August (the largest recorded in nominal terms though not as a proportion of GDP) compared with $£ 0.9$ billion in July and an average visible deficit of $£ 0.6$ billion a month in the first half of 1987. Combined with an unchanged invisibles projection of a $£ 0.6$ billion surplus, the current account showed a deficit of $£ 0.9$ billion in August (also the largest recorded). The deficit for the year so far is $£ 0.7$ billion.
* UK competitiveness which deteriorated in the first quarter of 1987 has probably been flat over the last six months as the exchange rate has stabilised.
* G5 countries' domestic demand and industrial production both rose in the second quarter and industrial production is likely to have risen a little further in July, but there remains no clear evidence of a pick up in G5 export volumes.
* UK domestic demand rose strongly in the second quarter. Retail sales continued to show strong growth through July and in August.
* Export volumes (excluding oil and erratics) fell in August, but recent figures are probably consistent with modest growth in the underlying level over the past few months. In the first eight months of 1987 export volumes were 2 per cent higher than in the second half of 1986
* Import volumes (excluding oil and erratics) rose sharply in August and in the three months to August were 10 per cent higher than a year earlier. The recent figures have been unusually erratic but now suggest a strong upward trend. In recent months imports of consumer goods, especially cars, have picked up strongly, while the growth in domestic activity continues to be reflected in higher imports of semi-manufactures and intermediate goods.
* The terms of trade have been roughly flat in recent months after rising steadily in the first half of the year.
* The $£ 0.7$ billion current deficit so far in 1987 compares with the FSBR forecast for a current deficit of $£ 2 \frac{1}{2}$ billion in 1987. Independent forecasts - all completed before the August figures were published - now point on average to a $£ 1.1$ billion current account deficit in 1987.


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EAZ DIVISION

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## MONTHLY NOTE ON THE BALANCE OF PAYMENTS - SEPTEMBER 1987

## Current account

1. The August trade figures, published on 24 September showed a deficit on non-oil trade of $£ 1.9$ billion, partially offset by a surplus on oil trade of $£ 0.4$ billion. The value of non-oil exports fell by $£ 0.3$ billion whilst the value of non-oil imports rose by $£ 0.4$ billion leading to an increase of $£ 0.7$ billion in the non-oil deficit compared with July.
2. There may be some suggestion that August is a seasonally unfavourable month - particularly in view of the sharp increase in the current deficit between July and August 1986. Changing holiday patterns make seasonal adjustment difficult in August. A statistical examination earlier this year concluded that the evidence for residual seasonality in the August current balance was very weak, and scrutiny of recent years does not show any clear pattern in the August balance compared to neighbouring months.

TABLE 1: CURRENT ACCOUNT

|  |  | Current balance | Visible total | of which: oil | manufactures | Other goods | £ billion <br> Invisibles balance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1985 |  | 2.9 | -2.2 | 8.1 | -3.0 | -7.3 | 5.1 |
| 1986 |  | -1.0 | -8.5 | 4.1 | -5.5 | -7.0 | 7.5 |
| 1986 | Q2 | 0.1 | -1.6 | 0.8 | -0.7 | -1.7 | 1.7 |
|  | Q3 | -0.9 | -2.9 | 0.6 | -1.7 | -1.8 | 2.0 |
|  | Q4 | -1.0 | -2.7 | 0.8 | -1.8 | -1.7 | 1.8 |
| 1987 | Q1 | 0.7 | -1.1 | 1.2 | -0.7 | -1.6 | 1.8 |
|  | Q2 | -0.2 | -2.4 | 1.0 | -1.9 | -1.5 | 2.2 |
| June |  | 0 | -0.7 | 0.2 | -0.5 | -0.5 | 0.7 |
| July |  | -0.3 | -0.9 | 0.3 | -0.6 | -0.6 | 0.6* |
| August |  | -0.9 | -1.3 | 0.4 | -1.3 | -0.6 | 0.6* |

CHART 1: CURRENT ACCOUNT


CHART 1A: VISIBLE BALANCE


## DETERMINANTS OF UK TRADE

## Competitiveness

2. UK competitiveness (as measured by relative actual unit labour costs in manufacturing) worsened by about 7 per cent during the first quarter of 1987 as the exchange rate rose. However competitiveness has probably been roughly flat over the past six months as the exchange rate has stablised while UK unit labour costs may only have risen a little faster than those else where.

CHART 2: UNIT LABOUR COSTS IN MANUFACTURING

$$
1980=100
$$



TABLE 2: RELATIVE UNIT LABOUR COSTS IN MANUFACTURING (\% changes on a year earlier in brackets)

|  |  | Relative unit labour costs indomestic currencies$1980=100$ |  | ```Export weighted exchange rate index 1975=100``` |  | Relative unit labour costs in common currencies $1980=100$ |  | Sterling exchange rate index $1975=100$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1985 |  | 100.3 | (2.3) | 83.7 | $(-0.6)$ | 84.5 | (1.9) | 78.2 | (-0.6) |
| 1986 |  | 102.8 | (2.5) | 74.8 | $(-10.7)$ | 77.3 | $(-8.5)$ | 72.8 | $(-7.0)$ |
| 1986 | Q1 | 103.1 | (6.3) | 78.2 | (-0.2) | 81.0 | (6.1) | 75.1 | (4.2) |
|  | Q2 | $103.9$ | $(4.5)$ | $78.6$ | $(-7.4)$ | $82.1$ |  | $76.1$ | $(-3.5)$ |
|  | Q3 | $102.3$ | $(0.6)$ | $73.1$ | $(-16.6)$ | 75.2 | $(-16.1)$ | 71.9 | $(-12.4)$ |
|  | Q4 | 101.9 | (-1.2) | 69.1 | $(-17.8)$ | 70.7 | (-18.8) | 68.2 | (-14.6) |
| 1987 | Q1 | 102.2 | (-1.7) | 70.2 | (-10.2) | 72.1* | $(-11.0)$ | 69.7 | $(-7.2)$ |
|  | Q2 | 103.3 | (-0.7) | 73.0** | (-7.2) | 75.7** | $(-7.8)$ | 72.8 | (-4.3) |
|  | Q3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 72.7 | $(+1.1)$ |
|  | July |  |  |  |  |  |  | 72.8 | $(-1.6)$ |
|  | Aug |  |  |  |  |  |  | $72.3$ | $(+1.3)$ |
|  | Sept |  |  |  |  |  |  | 73.0 | (+3.7) |
| * | estimate projection |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## World trade and domestic demand

3. G5 industrial production, which grew only slowly during 1986 and the first quarter of 1987, has picked up more strongly in the second quarter. G5 GDP grew by less than 2 per cent (at an annual rate) in the second quarter, reflecting modest growth in the US, a recovery in West Germany following the sharp fall in the first quarter but flat output in Japan. There remains no clear evidence of any pick up in G5 export volumes. UK domestic demand which was flat in the first quarter rose strongly in the second quarter with consumers' expenditure increasing by 2 per cent. Retail sales continued grow strongly in July and August.

TABLE 3: INDICATORS OF DEMAND

|  | G5 Countries |  |  |  | Indices 1980=100 UK |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\underset{\text { Export }}{\text { volumes }}$ | Domestic demand | Industrial production | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Export } \\ & \text { volumes * * } \end{aligned}$ | Domestic demand | Manufacturing production |
| 1985 |  | 110 | 113.3 | 112.0 | 114.9 | 111.1 | 103.8 |
| 1986 |  | 111 | 118.0 | 113.1 | 117.7 | 115.3 | 104.9 |
| 1986 | 1 | 108 | 116.0 | 112.7 | 111.9 | 114.0 | 102.8 |
|  | 2 | 113 | 117.8 | 112.8 | 115.1 | 114.1 | 104.2 |
|  | 3 | 107 | 118.8 | 113.4 | 118.5 | 115.7 | 105.2 |
|  | 4 | 116 | 118.2 | 113.4 | 125.3 | 117.2 | 107.5 |
| 1987 | 1 | 108 | 119.6 | 113.9 | 124.4 | 116.2 | 107.7 |
|  | 2 |  | 120.7 | 114.8 | 122.4 | 118.4 | 109.7 |
| June |  |  |  | 115.6 | 122.1 |  | 109.8 |
| July |  |  |  | - | 129.3 |  | 111.6 |
| August |  |  |  |  | 125.1 |  |  |
| * | Not s | easonally | djusted |  |  |  |  |
|  | Exclu | ding oil an | d erratics |  |  |  |  |
| + | Provi | sional |  |  |  |  |  |

## VISIBLE TRADE

TABLE 4: VISIBLE TRADE VALUES, VOLUMES AND TERMS OF TRADE

|  | £ billion |  | Ratio: |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Balance | Terms of Trade* | Export volume/ Import volume |
| 1985 | 78.1 | 80.3 | -2.2 | 100.4 | 94.2 |
| 1986 | 72.8 | 81.3 | -8.5 | 94.9 | 91.7 |
| 19862 | 17.8 | 19.4 | -1.6 | 94.4 | 94.4 |
| 3 | 17.6 | 20.4 | -2.9 | 94.4 | 88.2 |
| 4 | 19.3 | 22.1 | -2.7 | 95.0 | 90.6 |
| 19871 | 19.6 | 20.8 | -1.1 | 94.9 | 97.6 |
| 2 | 19.4 | 21.7 | -2.4 | 96.5 | 89.8 |
| June | 6.4 | 7.1 | -0.7 | 98.1 | 85.9 |
| July | 6.8 | 7.7 | -0.9 | 96.3 | 88.8 |
| August | 6.5 | 8.1 | -1.5 | 96.5 | 89.1 |
| \% change |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 months August on same period | 14 | $18 \frac{1}{2}$ |  | 2 | -4 ${ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ |
| year earlier 3 months August on previous | 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 7 |  | $2 \frac{1}{2}$ | -10 |
| three months August on | $-3 \frac{1}{2}$ | 5 |  | 0 | $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| July |  |  |  |  |  |

* based on average value indices


## CHART 3: TERMS OF TRADE



## Exports

4. The volume of non-oil exports (excluding oil and erratics) fell by $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent in August reflecting falls in exports of manufactures and food, drink and tobacco partly offset by by a rise in exports of basic materials. Within manufacturers however, there was a sharp rise in export of chemicals. Exports of fuels continued to recover in August from the low Junc level, when North Sea output was affected by summer maintenance.
5. In the three months ending in August, non-oil export volumes (excluding erratics) rose by 3 per cent compared with the previous three months, and were $7 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent higher than a year earlier. To date in 1987 they have been 2 per cent higher than during the second half of 1986. In the three months to August exports of manufactures food, drink and tobacco and basic materials were all higher than in the previous three months. Owing to the rather erratic quarterly path of exports over the last year it is difficult to assess the underlying trend, although the more recent figures suggest a resumption of the upward trend which begain in early 1986. The volume of non-oil exports remains broadly consistent with both FSBR and summer forecasts. The monthly CBI inquiry for September indicates that firms export order books are still above normal though they may have fallen a little in the last month.

TABLE 5: EXPORT VOLUMES

|  | Total exports* | $1980=100$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total exports (excluding oil and erratics*) | Manufactures (excluding erratics) | Food, drink and tobacco | Basic materials | Fuel |
| 1985 | 118.7 | 114.9 | 115.7 | 119.2 | 106.1 | 171.7 |
| 1986 | 123.1 | 117.7 | 116.9 | 129.6 | 117.1 | 175.5 |
| 1986 | 121.9 | 115.1 | 115.8 | 119.8 | 102.3 | 170.3 |
|  | 122.6 | 118.5 | 117.6 | 133.5 | 126.3 | 174.3 |
|  | 130.5 | 125.3 | 122.6 | 146.2 | 128.9 | 178.9 |
| 1987 | 130.0 | 124.4 | 122.2 | 129.0 | 144.8 | 183.1 |
|  | 126.3 | 122.4 | 121.0 | 124.4 | 120.3 | 170.7 |
| June | 123.5 | 122.1 | 120.8 | 121.3 | 124.3 | 149.2 |
| July | 131.3 | 129.3 | 128.8 | 134.6 | 114.4 | 162.3 |
| August | 126.4 | 125.1 | 125.2 | 128.7 | 135.5 | 172.0 |
| 3 months to August on same period year earlier |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5 | $7 \frac{1}{2}$ | 7 | $1 \frac{1}{2}$ | 6 | -4 |
|  | 3 months to |  |  |  |  | -4 |
| August on previous | - $\frac{1}{2}$ | 3 | 3 | $3 \frac{1}{2}$ | 3 | -11 |
| 3 months |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August or July | $-3 \frac{1}{2}$ | $-3 \frac{1}{2}$ | -3 | -4 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 18 | 6 |

```
* BOP basis
```

CHART 4: NON OIL EXPORT VOLUMES EXCLUDING ERRATICS


## Export prices

7. Manufacturers' export prices rose by only per cent in the three months to August compared with the previous three months to a level $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent higher than a year earlier. In the second quarter of 1987 export profit margins have grown more slowly than domestic margins, possibly reflecting increased competitive pressures associated with the appreciation of sterling.

TABLE 7: EXPORT PRICES*
$\left.\begin{array}{lccccccc} & \text { Exports** } & \begin{array}{c}\text { Exports } \\ \text { (excluding } \\ \text { oil and }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Manufactures Food, } \\ \text { (excluding } \\ \text { erratics) }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Basic } \\ \text { drink and } \\ \text { tobacco }\end{array} & \text { Fuel } \\ \text { materials }\end{array}\right]$

## * average value indices <br> BOP basis

## Exports by geographical destination

8. In the three months to August, there were increases in the value of exports to the US (up by 4 per cent), the EC and to Japan (up by 17 per cent). Whilst exports to developing countries also rose, there was a fall in exports to oil exporting countries.

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## Imports

9. Import volumes excluding oil and erratics, rose by 6 per cent in August reflecting a sharp rise in the import of manufactures and rather smaller increases in the remaining categories. In the three months to August the volume of imports (excluding oil and erratics) was 7 per cent higher than in the previous three months, and 10 per cent higher than a year earlier. Manufactures increased by $8 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent in the three months to August on the previous three months. Within manufactures, the largest increases came in consumer goods, especially cars, reflecting buoyant consumer demand. Imports of semi-manufactures and intermediate goods have also been rising as domestic activity expands and manufacturers increase stock levels, whilst buoyant investment is reflected in higher imports of capital goods.
10. The quarterly path for imports like that for exports has been erratic recently, with a sharp rise at the end of 1986 followed by a large fall early this year. Recent figures indicate a renewed upward trend although the after taking into account the erratically low levels at the start of this year the underlying increase is perhaps slower than suggested by the three month on three month comparison. The increases of the last few months have taken non-oil import volumes above the quarterly levels underlying the FSBR and also the internal summer forecast.

## TABLE 7 IMPORTS OF CARS AND NEW CAR REGISTRATIONS

|  |  | Volume of imports of cars (OTS $1980=100$ ) |  | New car registration (thousands) |  | Import Penetration (Per cent) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | nadjusted | easonally adjusted | unadjusted | Seasonally adjusted |  |
| 1986 | June | 150.6 | 131.7 | 143 | 156 | 54 |
|  | July | 161.8 | 139.8 | 48 | 157 | 53 |
|  | August | 130.8 | 156.3 | 388 | 163 | 57 |
| 1987 | June | 151.9 | 128.1 | 153 | 167 | 51 |
|  | July | 162.9 | 142.6 | 49 | 161 | 44 |
|  | August | 142.3 | 172.1 | 412 | 173 | 54 |

11. The value of car imports rose by $£ 100$ million in August, representing nearly a quarter of the total increase in imports of manufactures. There was also a sharp jump in car imports in August 1986, and there must be a suspicion that this reflects difficulties in seasonal adjustment around the time of the August peak in car registrations. Car registrations were also high on a seasonally adjusted basis in August 1986 and August 1987. Although many of the foreign cars registered in August are imported in earlier months, it may be that unexpectedly high registrations in the last two years left companies with uncomfortably low stock levels which they attempted to rebuilt by higher imports in August.

## CHART 6: NON OIL IMPORT VOLUMES EXCLUDING ERRATICS



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## TABLE 8: IMPORT VOLUMES



TABLE 9: IMPORT VOLUMES OF MANUFACTURES (EXCLUDING ERRATICS)

|  |  |  |  |  | $1980=100$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Semi manufactures | Finished manufactures | of which: Passenger motor cars | Other consumer goods | Intermediate goods | Capital goods |
| 1985 | 143.9 | 161.4 | 127.9 | 139.5 | 172.8 | 187.1 |
| 1986 | 152.0 | 170.4 | 131.6 | 158.3 | 187.0 | 183.1 |
| 1986 2 | 149.2 | 162.1 | 125.0 | 154.2 | 180.8 | 169.5 |
|  | 154.8 | 176.0 | 142.2 | 164.6 | 192.6 | 185.2 |
| 4 | 156.6 | 186.4 | 133.0 | 170.1 | 204.9 | 205.4 |
| 1987 | 152.3 | 166.0 | 102.6 | 156.0 | 184.9 | 186.8 |
| 2 | 163.2 | 179.3 | 120.8 | 171.6 | 202.8 | 191.5 |
| June | 160.4 | 178.0 | 128.1 | 177.8 | 196.1 | 184.2 |
| July | 165.7 | 196.2 | 142.6 | 178.6 | 221.7 | 213.9 |
| August | 184.4 | 206.3 | 172.1 | 189.4 | 231.7 | 212.0 |
| \% change |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 months to August on same period year earlier | - 11 | 11 | $3 \frac{1}{2}$ | 12 | 11 | 13 |
| 3 months to August on previous <br> 3 months | 5 | 11 | 30 | 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 8 | $8 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| August and July | 11 | 5 | 21 | 6 | $4 \frac{1}{2}$ | -1 |

## Import prices

10. In the three months to August import prices (excluding oil and erratics) were unchanged from the previous three months as the firming of the exchange rate early in the year held back price increases in sterling terms. Fuel prices fell by 3 per cent while the prices of manufactures remained unchanged. However basic materials prices rose by $2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent over this period reflecting continued rises in world commodity prices.

TABLE 10: IMPORT PRICES*


* average value indices
** BOP basis


## Export shares and import penetration

11. On the basis of available information to the second quarter of 1987 it appears that UK manufacturers have broadly maintained their volume share of developed countries' exports over the past year. This maintains the underlying improvement in UK relative performance, which has been evident since 1982. Since 1981 the UK share of developed countries' exports has risen faster than its share of total world trade. This reflects the growth in developing countries exports of manufacturers. In the second quarter of 1987 imports grew more quickly than total final expenditure, hence there was a rise in import penetration in both value and volume terms back roughly to the levels in the second half of 1986.

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TABLE 11: UK EXPORT AND IMPORT PERFORMANCE

|  |  | (Per cent) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | UK share of developed countries exports* |  | UK share of total world trade | Imports (less oil) share in total final expenditure |  |
|  |  | Volume | Value | Volume | Volume | Value |
| 1980 |  | 9.6 | 9.6 | 7.7 | 14.0 | 14.0 |
| 1981 |  | 8.9 | 8.6 | 7.0 | 14.0 | 13.2 |
| 1982 |  | 9.2 | 8.4 | 7.3 | 14.7 | 13.7 |
| 1983 |  | 9.1 | 8.2 | 6.9 | 15.6 | 14.8 |
| 1984 |  | 9.2 | 8.0 | 6.8 | 16.5 | 16.2 |
| 1985 |  | 9.4 | 8.3 | 7.0 | 16.6 | 16.0 |
| 1986 |  | 9.6 | 8.0 | 7.1 | 17.0 | 16.2 |
| 1986 | 1 | 9.1 | 7.8 |  | 16.2 | 15.6 |
|  | 2 | 9.5 | 8.3 |  | 16.4 | 15.6 |
|  | 3 | 9.3 | 7.8 |  | 17.2 | 16.3 |
|  | 4 | 9.9 | 7.9 |  | 17.5 | 16.8 |
| 1987 | 1 | 9.7 + | $7.9+$ |  | 16.4 | 15.9 |
|  | 2 | $9.6+$ | $8.2+$ |  | 17.3 | 16.4 |
|  |  | es, weigh | d by UK ma | kets |  |  |
| + | ma |  |  |  |  |  |

## INVISTBLES

12. The invisibles and capital account figures for the second quarter were published on 17 September. The invisibles surplus rose to $£ 2187$ million in the second quarter compared with a revised outturn of $£ 1807$ million in the first quarter. The improvement reflected a higher services surplus and lower transfers deficit which more than offset lower net IPD earnings.
13. The CSO's monthly invisibles projections for July and August were unchanged at $£ 600$ million on the grounds that the second quarter surplus was erratically high. In particular earnings from financial services were abnormally high as were travel credits and there was an early repayment from the EC Social Fund which considerably reduced net payments to the EC.

|  | 1986 |  |  |  |  | ${\underset{1987}{£} \text { million }}^{2}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1985 | 1986 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Q1 | Q2 |
| Visible balance | -2178 | -8463 | -1607 | -2891 | -2725 | -1135 | -2361 |
| Invisibles <br> - Services <br> - IPD $f$ <br> - Transfers | $\begin{array}{r} 5097 \\ 5381 \\ 2992 \\ -3276 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7483 \\ 4990 \\ 4686 \\ -2193 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1753 \\ & 1188 \\ & 1118 \\ & -553 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1981 \\ & 1251 \\ & 1505 \\ & -775 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1765 \\ & 1286 \\ & 1271 \\ & -792 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1807 \\ & 1241 \\ & 1349 \\ & -783 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2187 \\ & 1554 \\ & 1258 \\ & -625 \end{aligned}$ |
| Current Account | 2919 | -980 | 146 | -910 | -960 | 672 | -174 |
| Net transactions in external assets and liabilities* | -7421 | -10747 | -2868 | 73 | -5417 | 3490 | 877 |
| Balancing item* | 4502 | 11727 | 3179 | 954 | 5262 | -3732 | -357 |

$\nmid$ Interest, profit and dividends

* Not seasonally adjusted


## Services

13. The surplus on services increased by $£ 0.3$ billion in the second quarter to £1.6 billion, with improvements in the sea transport, travel and other financial services balances. The improvement in the travel balance reflects a sharp rise in credits, but these initial estimates are subject to revision when more complete information becomes available. The rise on financial services' carnings is largely due to a recovery in net premiums earned by Lloyds, but this improvement may not be sustained as claims respond with a lag.

Interest profits and dividends (IPD)
14. The net $\operatorname{IPD}$ surplus fell by $£ 0.1$ billion to $£ 1.3$ billion in the second quarter, partly as a result of the firmer exchange rate which reduced the sterling values of overseas earnings. At the same time banks' margins appear to have been squeezed unexpectedly and their net income reduced. These factors more than offset a reduction in profits due abroad from oil companies which may in any case have been erratically low.

## Transfers

15. The transfers deficit fell by $£ 0.2$ billion to $£ 0.6$ billion in the second quarter. Net payments to the EC fell back a little, reflecting the receipt of funds from the European Community Social Fund, while multilateral aid and contributions to the European Development fund fell approximately $£ 0.1$ billion to an abnormally low level.

## Transactions in external assets and liabilities

16. Net capital inflows of $£ 0.9$ billion were recorded in the second quarter, compared with inflows of $£ 3.5$ billion in the first quarter. With recorded capital inflows exceeding the small current deficit in the second quarter there was a negative balancing item (reflecting unrecorded outflows) of only $£ 0.4$ billion, compared with unrecorded out-flows of $£ 3.7$ billion in the previous quarter.

Net Transactions

| $\underline{ }$ | 1986 |  |  |  |  | £ billion |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1987 |  |
|  | 1985 | 1986 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Q1 | Q2 |
| Direct Investment | -4.4 | -6.0 | -0.7 | -1.7 | -4.1 | -0.6 | -4.3 |
| Portfolio Investment | -10.8 | -14.7 | -5.0 | -3.4 | -1.8 | -1.9 | +2.6 |
| Banks' net foreign currency lending abroad | +4.9 | +10.5 | +2.9 | +5.8 | +1.0 | +3.2 | +4.1 |
| Banks' net sterling lending abroad | 2.5 | -0.3 | -1.4 | -0.8 | 0 | -1.2 | +1.4 |
| Other | +2.1 | +2.6 | +1.6 | +2.4 | -0.8 | -0.7 | +1.6 |
| Official reserves | -1.8 | -2.9 | -0.3 | -2.3 | 0.3 | -1.5 | -4.5 |
| Total | -7.4 | -10.7 | +2.9 | +0.1 | -5.4 | +3.5 | +0.9 |

17. On the assets side, overseas direct investment increased by $£ 2.6$ billion in the second quarter, much of which was due to the BP buyout of Standard Oil (though not all of the reported $£ 4.5$ billion was treated as a balance of payments transaction). There was a small disinvestment in overseas portfolio assets compared to previous strong increases: for the second successive quarter securities traders and banks reduced their overseas holdings. On the liabilities side there were sharp falls in direct and portfolio inward investment (the former due to disinvestment by oil companies, and the latter to a decline in the purchase of UK company securities). There was a sharp rise in UK banks' foreign curency borrowing and lending and an increase in net inflows, although this series tends to be erratic.

## PROSPECTS

18. The FSBR projected a current account deficit of $£ 2 \frac{1}{2}$ billion in 1987. This was revised to a $£ \frac{1}{2}$ billion deficit in the internal June forecast. The current account deficit of $£ 0.7$ billion so far this year is therefore rather larger than expected in June though smaller than expected of the time of the FSBR. Independent forecasters are now on average projecting a deficit of $£ 1.1$ billion in

## CONFIDENTIAL

1987 and $£ 2.3$ billion in 1988, though no published forecasts have yet taken account of the August trade figures.

TABLE 14: CURRENT ACOUNT ( ( billion)

| 1987 | 1988 | $\mathbf{1 9 8 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 0}$ |
| ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| -1.3 | -2.6 |  |  |
| -0.5 | -2.5 | - | - |
| -1.1 | -3.4 | - | - |
| 1.4 | -0.9 | -1.6 | -1.5 |
| -1.0 | -2.9 | -1.5 | -2.9 |
| -1.4 | -3.0 | -1.9 | -2.9 |
| -1.0 | -2.9 | -1.8 | -2.2 |
| 0.8 | -0.8 | -2.4 | -1.5 |
| -0.2 | 2.3 | 6.7 | 7.6 |
| -1.1 | -2.3 |  |  |
| $-\frac{1}{2} *$ | $-1 *$ |  |  |

f Based on sample used in regular EB comparison - latest edition; August.

* Not for use.


## INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS

19. The US current account deficit rose further in the second quarter of 1987. The German surplus remains strong so far this year, though the Japanese surplus fell back by $\$ 4$ billion in the second quarter.

TABLE 15 CURRENT ACCOUNTS OF THE G5*

|  |  | US | Japan | Germany | France | \$ billion UK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1983 |  | -46.0 | 20.8 | 4.1 | -4.2 | 5.1 |
| 1984 |  | -107.4 | 35.2 | 6.6 | -0.8 | 2.1 |
| 1985 |  | -117.7 | 49.4 | 13.8 | -0.2 | 4.6 |
| 1986 |  | -141.4 | 85.6 | 36.7 | 3.7 | -1.4 |
| 1986 | 1 | -33.0 | 15.9 | 7.9 | 1.0 | 1.2 |
|  | 2 | -33.8 | 21.6 | 8.1 | 1.0 | 0.2 |
|  | 3 | -36.6 | 23.8 | 11.3 | 0.8 | -1.4 |
|  | 4 | -38.0 | 24.3 | 9.3 | 1.0 | -1.4 |
| 1987 | 1 | -36.8 | 24.9 | 11.0 | -0.2 | 1.0 |
|  | 2 | 14.1 | 20.9 | 10.7 | -1.1 | -0.3 |

* Seasonally adjusted

SECFET and FEFSONAL until release of oress notice on2 zofot 87 at 11 . SOam and thereafter unclassified

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THE CURRENT AECDUNT - TABLE
Balance of pavments basis £ million! seasonally adjusted

|  |  | CURRENT <br> BALANCE fob | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EXPORTS } \\ & \text { fob } \end{aligned}$ | IMPORTS fob | $\begin{aligned} & \text { VISIBLE } \\ & \text { TOTAL } \end{aligned}$ | BALANCE OIL | S: <br> NON- <br> OIL | INVISIBLE BALANCE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1985 \\ & 1986 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2919 \\ -980 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 78111 \\ & 72843 \end{aligned}$ | 80289 <br> 81306 | $\begin{aligned} & -2178 \\ & -8463 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8104 \\ & 4056 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -10282 \\ & -12519 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5097 \\ & 7483 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1986 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Q3 } \\ & \text { Q4 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -910 \\ & -960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17553 \\ & 19340 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20444 \\ & 22065 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -2891 \\ & -2725 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 621 \\ & 785 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -3512 \\ & -3510 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1981 \\ & 1765 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1987 | 01 <br> Q2 <br> Q3 | $\begin{array}{r} 672 \\ -174 \\ -1294 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 20772 \\ & 21742 \\ & 23394 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -1135 \\ & -2361 \\ & -3094 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1164 \\ & 1033 \\ & 1034 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -2300 \\ & -3395 \\ & -4128 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1807 \\ & 2187 \\ & 1800 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1987 | JAN FEB MAR | $\begin{array}{r} 85 \\ 401 \\ 185 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & -517 \\ & -202 \\ & -417 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 383 \\ & 328 \\ & 454 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -900 \\ & -529 \\ & -870 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 602 \\ & 603 \\ & 602 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | APR MAY <br> JUN | $\begin{array}{r} 203 \\ -367 \\ -11 \end{array}$ | 6610 6372 6399 |  | $-526$ <br> -1096 <br> -740 | $\begin{aligned} & 423 \\ & 365 \\ & 245 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -949 \\ -1461 \\ -985 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 729 \\ & 729 \\ & 729 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | JUL ALJG SEP | $\begin{array}{r} -310 \\ -929 \\ -55 \end{array}$ | 6776 6545 6980 | 7686 <br> 8073 <br> 7635 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 284 \\ & 374 \\ & 376 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -1194 \\ & -1903 \\ & -1031 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 600 \\ & 600 \\ & 600 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & J U L-S! \\ & A P R-I! \\ & J U L-S \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{cc} \text { IN } & 86 \\ \text { IN } & 87 \\ \text { EP } & 87 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -910 \\ -174 \\ -1294 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17553 \\ & 19381 \\ & 20301 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20444 \\ & 21742 \\ & 23394 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| PERCENTAGE CHANGES:- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LATES PREVI |  | TTHS ON MONTHS | 4.5\% | 7.5\% |  |  |  |  |
| SAME 3 MONTHS ONE YEAR AGD |  |  | 16.0\% | $14.5 \%$ |  |  |  |  |
| JAN-SEP86 |  | -21 | 53502 | 59241 | $-5738$ | 3271 | -9009 | 5718 |
| JAN-SEP87 |  | $-796$ | 59318 | 65908 | -6590 | 3231 | -9823 | 5794 |

## MONTHLY NOTE ON THE BALANCE OF PAYMENTS - NOVEMBER 1987

* The visible trade deficit fell from $£ 1.5$ billion in August to $£ 0.7$ billion in September while the current account showed a deficit of $£ 0.1$ billion. The deficit for the first three quarters of 1987 was $£ 0.8$ billion (paragraph 1).
* UK competitiveness, which deteriorated in the first quarter of 1987, has probably been broadly flat over the last seven months as the exchange rate has stabilised. (Paragraph 2)
* G5 countries' domestic demand and industrial production both rose in the second quarter and production continued to rise in July and August. (Paragraph 3)
* UK domestic demand rose strongly in the second quarter and consumers' expenditure rose by a further $2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent in the third quarter. (Paragraph 3)
* Export volumes (excluding oil and erratics) recovered in September providing further evidence that the upward trend in exports has resumed. (Paragraph 4)
* Import volumes (excluding oil and erratics) fell sharply in September from the erratically high August level but the trend is firmly upwards and rather faster than that of exports.
* The terms of trade rose in September having been broadly flat for the last few months. (Paragraph 7)
* The $£ 0.8$ billion current account deficit so far in 1987 compares with the AS. forecast for a current account deficit of $£ 2 \frac{1}{2}$ billion in 1987. Independent forecasts - most of which have not taken account of the August and September trade figures - now point on average to a deficit of $£ 1.1$ billion in 1987 and £2.9 billion in 1988. (Paragraph 9)


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## MONTHLY NOTE ON THE BALANCE OF PAYMENTS - NOVEMBER 1987

## Current account

1. The September trade figures, published on 23 October showed a deficit on non-oil trade of $£ 0.9$ billion, partially offset by a surplus on oil trade of $£ 0.3$ billion. The value of non-oil exports rose by $£ 0.5$ billion whilst the value of non-oil imports fell also by $£ 0.4$ billion leading to an decrease of $£ 1.0$ billion in the non-oil deficit compared with August. The invisibles projection remained unchanged at a surplus of $£ 0.6$ billion a month. The volatility of recent figures probably means that the September outturn understates the underlying current account deficit which averaged $£ 0.4$ billion a month in the third quarter.

TABLE 1: CURRENT ACCOUNT

|  |  | Current balance | Visible total | of which: oil | manufactures | Other goods | Invisibles balance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1985 |  | 2.9 | -2.2 | 8.1 | -3.0 | -7.3 | 5.1 |
| 1986 |  | -1.0 | -8.5 | 4.1 | -5.5 | -7.0 | 7.5 |
| 1986 | Q2 | 0.1 | -1.6 | 0.8 | -0.7 | -1.7 | 1.7 |
|  | Q3 | -0.9 | -2.9 | 0.6 | -1.7 | -1.8 | 2.0 |
|  | Q4 | -1.0 | -2.7 | 0.8 | -1.8 | -1.7 | 1.8 |
| 1987 | Q1 | 0.7 | -1.1 | 1.2 | -0.7 | -1.6 | 1.8 |
|  | Q2 | -0.2 | -2.4 | 1.0 | -1.9 | -1.5 | 2.2 |
|  | Q3 | -1.3 | -3.1 | 0.9 | -2.2 | -1.8 | 1.8* |
| July |  | -0.3 | -0.9 | 0.3 | -0.6 | -0.6 | 0.6* |
| August |  | -0.9 | -1.5 | 0.4 | -1.3 | -0.6 | 0.6* |
| September |  | -0.1 | -0.7 | 0.3 | -0.3 | -0.6 | 0.6* |

## CHART 1: CURRENT ACCOUNT



## CHART 2: VISIBLE BALANCE



## Competitiveness

2. UK competitiveness (as measured by relative actual unit labour costs in manufacturing) worsened by about 7 per cent during the first quarter of 1987 as the exchange rate rose but was probably flat in the following two quarters as the exchange rate stabilised and UK unit labour costs rose at a similar rate to those elsewhere. There has probably been some further slight deterioration in October as the exchange rate risen.

TABLE 2: RELATIVE UNIT LABOUR COSTS IN MANUFACTURING
(\% changes on year earlier in brackets)

|  | Relative unit <br> labour costs <br> in common <br> currencies |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
|  |  | $1980=100$ |  |

## August

September
Ocotber

* estimate
*     * projected

Sterling exchange rate index
$1975=100$

| 78.2 | $(-0.6)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 72.8 | $(-7.0)$ |
| 75.1 | $(4.2)$ |
| 76.1 | $(-3.5)$ |
| 71.9 | $(-12.4)$ |
| 68.2 | $(-14.6)$ |
| 69.7 | $(-7.2)$ |
| 72.8 | $(-4.3)$ |
| 72.7 | $(+1.1)$ |

$72.3(+1.3)$
$73.1(+3.8)$
73.6 (+8.6)

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## World trade and domestic demand

3. G5 industrial production, which-picked up in the second quarter has increased further in July and August. G5 GDP grew by less than 2 per cent (at an annual rate) in the second quarter, reflecting modest growth in the US, a recovery in West Germany following the sharp fall in the first quarter but flat output in Japan. UK domestic demand rose more rapidly than that of other major countries in the second quarter. UK consumers' expenditure continued to grow strongly in the third quarter although retail sales fell back a little in September following the strong growth in July and August.

TABLE 3: INDICATORS OF DEMAND

|  |  | G5 Countries |  |  | Indices 1980=100 UK |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\underset{\text { Export }}{\text { volumes }}$ | Domestic demand | Industrial production | Export volumes | Domestic demand | Manufacturing production | Retail Sales |
| 1985 |  | 110 | 113.3 | 112.0 | 114.9 | 111.1 | 103.7 | 116.4 |
| 1986 |  | 111 | 118.0 | 113.1 | 117.7 | 115.3 | 104.8 | 122.6 |
| 1986 | 1 | 108 | 116.0 | 112.7 | 111.9 | 114.0 | 102.7 | 119.3 |
|  | 2 | 113 | 117.8 | 112.8 | 115.1 | 114.1 | 104.0 | 121.3 |
|  | 3 | 107 | 118.8 | 113.4 | 118.5 | 115.7 | 105.1 | 123.7 |
|  | 4 | 116 | 118.2 | 113.4 | 125.3 | 117.2 | 107.4 | 126.5 |
| 1987 | 1 | 108 | 119.6 | 113.9 | 124.4 | 116.2 | 107.5 | 125.4 |
|  | 2 |  | 120.7 | 114.8 | 122.4 | 118.4 | 109.0 | 128.3 |
|  | 3 |  |  |  | 129.6 |  |  | 131.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 129.3 |  |  | $131.2$ |
| August |  |  |  | 117.6 | 125.1 |  | 111.5 | 132.5 |
| Septe |  |  |  |  | 134.4 |  |  | $131.4+$ |


#### Abstract

Exports 4. Export volumes (excluding oil and erratics) recovered sharply in September providing further evidence that the upward trend and export volumes has resumed following the pause earlier this year. In the third quarter exports of manufactures, food, drink and tobacco and basic materials were all higher than in the previous quarter. Within manufactures there was a strong pick up in exports of capital goods, semi-manufactures and other consumer goods, whilst exports of cars continued to grow steadily. Exports of chemicals continued to grow strongly in September despite evidence from the CBI of capacity constraints facing that industry. The quarterly CBI inquiry for October indicates that firms' export optimism has fallen since July and order books declined, although they are probably still a little above normal.


## TABLE 4: EXPORT VOLUMES



## CHART 4: NON OIL EXPORT VOLUMES EXCLUDING ERRATICS




## Exports by gegraphical destination

5. Exports to developed countries rose by $5 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent in the third quarter reflecting a strong recovery in exports to the US and a rise of 27 per cent in exports to Japan, but relatively slow growth in exports to the EC. Exports to developing countries increased by 4 per cent in the third quarter, while exports to oil exporters showed a 3 per cent rise.

## Imports

6. The volume of imports (excluding oil and erratics) fell back in September from the abnormally high August level but the trend remains firmly upwards. In the third quarter of 1987 the volume of imports was 12 per cent higher than a year earlier. Imports of capital goods, intermediate goods and chemicals have grown particularly strongly over this period reflecting the rise in domestic output and investment. The volume of car imports fell sharply in September from the high August level and in the third quarter they were only $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent higher than a year earlier.

## CHART 5: NON OIL IMPORT VOLUMES EXCLUDING ERRATICS



## TABLE 5: IMPORT VOLUMES

|  | Goods* | Goods less oil and erratics* | Food, drink and tobacco | Basic materials | $\begin{gathered} 1980=100 \\ \text { Fuels } \end{gathered}$ | Manufactures less erratics |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1985 | 126.0 | 142.8 | 114.4 | 102.2 | 86.2 | 154.4 |
| 1986 | 134.2 | 150.9 | 123.5 | 108.7 | 93.4 | 163.0 |
| 19863 | 139.0 | 154.4 | 125.5 | 106.1 | 111.9 | 167.6 |
| 4 | 144.0 | 161.4 | 125.3 | 119.4 | 106.2 | 174.4 |
| 19871 | 133.2 | 150.4 | 120.2 | 121.5 | 90.8 | 160.5 |
| 2 | 140.7 | 159.6 | 119.5 | 122.2 | 89.8 | 172.8 |
| 3 | 150.7 | 172.3 | 126.2 | 120.9 | 104.4 | 189.7 |
| July | 147.6 | 167.5 | 123.5 | 115.7 | 102.8 | 184.0 |
| August | 154.9 | 178.0 | 126.8 | 120.4 | 103.7 | 197.5 |
| September | 149.6 | 171.5 | 128.3 | 126.5 | 106.7 | 187.7 |
| \% change <br> Latest 3 <br> months on |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - a year ago | $8 \frac{1}{2}$ | 12 | $\frac{1}{2}$ | 14 | -7 | 13 |
| 3 months | 7 | 8 | $5 \frac{1}{2}$ | -1 | 16 | 10 |
| September on | $-3 \frac{1}{2}$ | $-3 \frac{1}{2}$ | 1 | 5 | 3 | -5 |
| * Balan | of paym | nts basis |  |  |  |  |

TABLE 6: IMPORT VOLUMES OF MANUFACTURES (EXCLUDING ERRATICS)


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## Trade prices

8. The total terms of trade has continued to improve in September largely as a result of a fall in manufactures import prices. Export prices (excluding oil and erratics) were unchanged between the second and third quarters and it is probable that export profit margins have been growing more slowly than domestic margins possibly reflecting increased competitive pressures associated with the appreciation of sterling. Manufactures import prices (excluding oil and erratics) were unchanged in the third quarter as the firming of the exchange rate early in the year held back price increases in sterling terms. Basic material import prices rose by 2 per cent over this period reflecting continued rises in world commodity prices.

TABLE 7: TRADE PRICES
$\left.\begin{array}{lccccccc} & \text { Terms of trade } & & \begin{array}{c}\text { Manufacturers } \\ \text { (excluding } \\ \text { erratics) }\end{array} & \text { Non Manufactures }\end{array}\right]$

* BOP basis


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## CHART 6: TERMS OF TRADE

## Average of Latest three months



## Export shares and import penetration

9. On the basis of available information to the second quarter of 1987 it appears that UK manufacturers have slightly increased their volume share of developed countries' exports over the past year although the UK share of total world trade in manufactures, including the rapidly increasing manufactured exports of newly industrialised countries, has probably been broadly stable. Imports of goods (excluding oil) rose more rapidly than domestic demand in the year to the second quarter of 1987 and this trend has probably continued in the third quarter.

## CHART 7: EXPORT AND IMPORT SHARES BY VALUE AND VOLUME



## PROSPECTS

10. The Autumn Statement forecast projects a current account deficit of $£ 2 \frac{1}{2}$ billion in 1987 and $£ 3 \frac{1}{2}$ billion in_1988. Independent forecasters are now on average projecting a deficit of $£ 1.1$ billion in 1987 and $£ 2.9$ billion in 1988. The latest LBS forecast, published on 2 November, shows current account deficits of about $£ 1 \ddagger$ billion in both 1987 and 1988, before taking account of the stock market crash. LBS estimates that the fall in share prices might reduce the 1988 deficit by about $£ \frac{1}{2}$ billion.
TABLE 8: CURRENT ACOUNT (£ billion)

| CBI (September) | -1.3 | -2.6 |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OECD (June) | -0.5 | -2.5 | - | - |
| National Institute (August) | -1.1 | -3.4 | - | - |
| LBS (November) | -1.8 | -1.7 | -2.5 | -2.6 |
| Phillips and Drew (October) | -1.0 | -2.9 | -1.5 | -2.9 |
| Goldman Sachs (October) | -2.5 | -3.5 | -3.2 | -2.9 |
| Henley (October) | -0.8 | -2.7 | -2.2 | -3.4 |
| Oxford (July) | 0.8 | -0.8 | -2.4 | -1.5 |
| Liverpool (October) | -0.8 | -2.3 | -1.2 | -1.2 |
| Independent Averaget | -1.4 | -3.0 | -2.3 | -2.5 |
| HMT Autumn Statement | $-2 \frac{1}{2}$ | $3 \frac{1}{2}$ |  |  |

$\dagger$ Based on sample used in regular EB comparison - latest edition; October. INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS
11. The German current account has remained strong so far this year but the Japanese surplus fell back by almost $\$ 4$ billion in the second quarter. In the US, trade volumes are responding to the decline in the dollar but the current account deficit has continued to rise. In July and August the US trade deficit widened further to a monthly average of $\$ 16$ billion compared with $\$ 14 \frac{1}{2}$ bilion in the second quarter.
TABLE 9: CURRENT ACCOUNTS OF THE G5*

|  |  | US | Japan | Germany | France | SK |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | -46.0 | 20.8 | 4.1 | -4.2 | 5.1 |
| 1983 |  | -107.4 | 35.2 | 6.6 | -0.8 | 2.1 |
| 1984 |  | -117.7 | 49.4 | 13.8 | -0.2 | 4.6 |
| 1985 |  | -141.4 | 85.6 | 36.7 | 3.7 | -1.4 |
| 1986 |  | -33.0 | 15.9 | 7.9 | 1.0 | 1.2 |
| 1986 | 1 | -33.8 | 21.6 | 8.1 | 1.0 | 0.2 |
|  | 2 | -36.6 | 23.8 | 11.3 | 0.8 | -1.4 |
|  | 3 | -38.0 | 24.3 | 9.3 | 1.0 | -1.4 |
|  | 4 | -36.8 | 24.5 | 11.4 | -0.2 | 1.0 |
| 1987 | 1 | -41.1 | 20.7 | 11.7 | -1.1 | -0.3 |
|  | 2 | - | - | - | - | -2.1 |

## PUBLICATION DATES

Taxes and Prices Index. Published the same day as the
RPI, ie:

| 16 January 1987 | 10 July 1987 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 13 February 1987 | 14 August 1987 |
| 20 March 1987 | 11 September 1987 |
| 10 April 1987 | 9 October 1987 |
| 15 May 1987 | 13 November 1987 |
| 12 June 1987 | 11 December 1987 |

## Consumers' Expenditure

```
Preliminary quarterly figures expected:
```

22 January ..... 1987
23 April 1987
23 July 1987
22 October ..... 1987

Adjusted final figures expected:
20 March ..... 1987
22 June ..... 1987
21 September ..... 1987
18 December ..... 1987
Cyclical Indicators

Definite 1987 dates:

## PUBLICATION DATES

Taxes and Prices Index. Published the same day as the RPI, ie:

16 January 1987
13 February 1987
20 March 1987
10 April 1987
15 May 1987
12 June 1987

10 July 1987
14 August 1987
11 September 1987
9 October 1987
13 November 1987
11 December 1987

## Consumers' Expenditure

Preliminary quarterly figures expected:

22 January 1987
23 April 1987
23 July 1987
22 October 1987

Adjusted final figures expected:

20 March 1987
22 June 1987
21 September 1987
18 December 1987

## Cyclical Indicators

Definite 1987 dates:

20 January
19 February
23 March
15 April

Beyond that, dependent on Central Statistical Office, who have been asked to produce dates.

## DRAFT REPLY CHANCELLOR TO THE RT HON NORMAN TEBBIT MP Consernutire central Ofrce er

## PUBLICATION DATES OF STATISTICS

Thank you for your letter of 6 November. I attach a further set of publication dates for economic statistics in 1987. A final few will be sent to you as soon as they are available.


20/11/86


Publication Dates of Statistics: 1986/87

Thank you for your letter of 17 th October. We shall study its contents carefully. However, it would be extremely helpful if you could ask your Officials now to prepare - in co-operation with other Departments if necessary - a forward programme of exact dates for statistics in all the areas mentioned in the attachment to your letter. For example, cyclical indicators, taxes and prices index and consumers' expenditure are not at present given for 1987.

I am most grateful to you for your cooperation in this exercise.

Rt Hon Nigel Lawson, MP


GECFET and FEFSONAL until release of oress mitiof
24. 24 NOV .87

## THE <br> CUFRENT <br> ACCDUNT

- table z


Page 1


[^0]:    $d$ ie excluding general Government transactions and all transfers.

[^1]:    f These are defined as ships, North Sea installations, aircraft, precious stanes, and silver.

[^2]:    $f$ Theae are defined as ships, North Sea installations, aircraft, pracious stones, and silver.

[^3]:    $K$ See paragraph 7 of Notes to Editors.

[^4]:    d ie excluding general Government trensactions and all transfers.

[^5]:    $K$ See paragraph 7 of Notes to Editors.

[^6]:    f These are defined as ships, North Sea installations, aircraft, precious stones, and silver.
    e Export unit value index as a percentage of the import unit value index.

